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62
Spring
1935

The HOME NURSERY

Peoria Office
219 Peoria Life Bldg.
Phone 9202

48th Annual
CATALOG

James Ingels, Mgr.
La Fayette,
Illinois

Special APPLES

at exceptionally
LOW PRICES

The drought of the past two years has reduced the supply of young trees to Actual Scarcity—the available supply being only about 50% of normal.

Our Nursery was particularly favored by weather, so our young stock is ample and all good, strong, healthy, vigorous, home-grown, acclimated trees at prices far below the regular market.

YOUR CHOICE

of Finest Favorites
Big 6 to 7 ft. trees

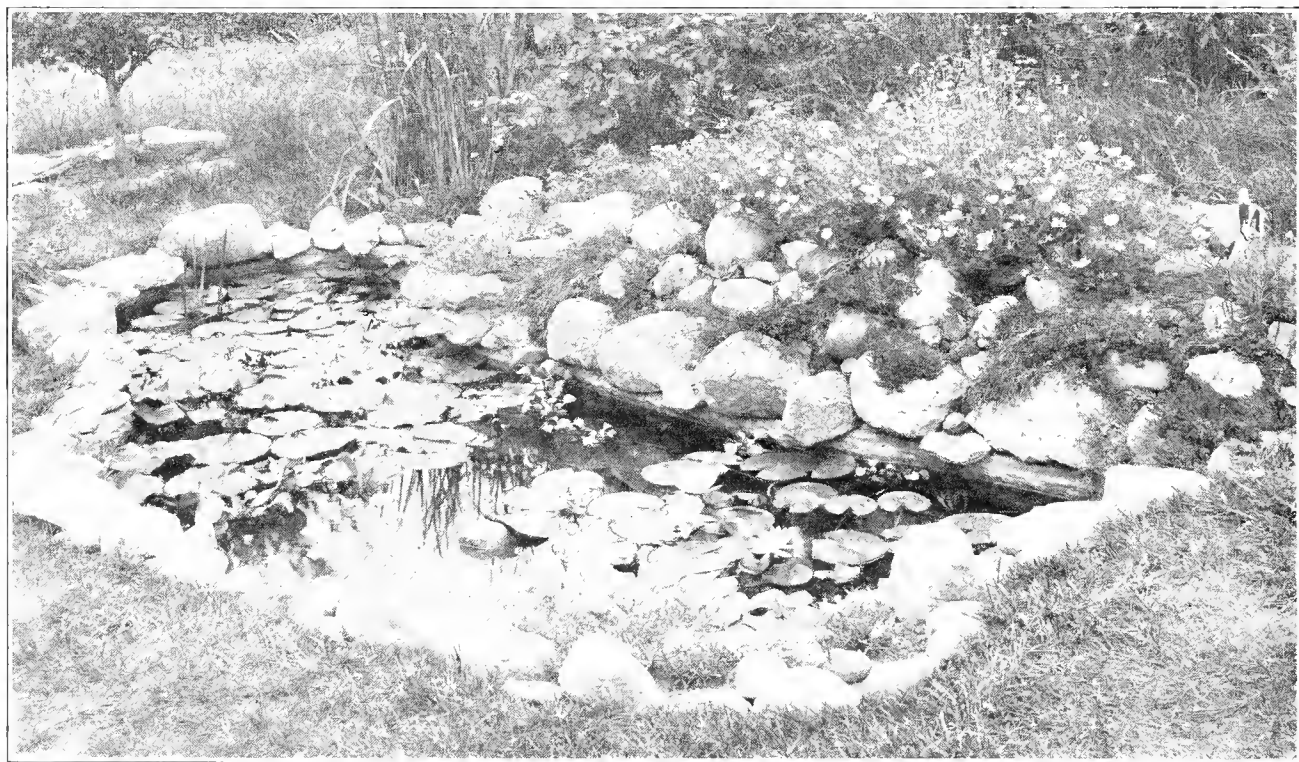
65c each

10 for \$6.00 100 for \$50.00

See Pages 12 and 13

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ROCK GARDEN WITH LILY POOL—Made with very little outlay, and one that may be had and enjoyed by those whose grounds are small or where means are limited. This kind of a feature may be used on any grounds either large or small. The HOME NURSERY LANDSCAPE SERVICE will furnish Plans and estimates as well as suitable Plants and Dwarf Trees for beautifying same.

JAMES INGELS, Manager

HOME NURSERY

LA FAYETTE, ILLINOIS

Our 49 Years of Successful Business Is Your Guarantee

TAKE ADVANTAGE of our Experience in Landscaping and Designing . . . *Free*

A personal visit to our Nursery—a personal talk with our landscape architects or propagators—a personal inspection of our Nursery stock as it is growing will give you first-hand information and selection.

We are proud of our Nursery Stock, we want you to see it and enjoy its beauties as we do, but if you cannot come we will give your inquiries and orders the same careful personal attention as though you were here.

But we urge you to come—to see the strong, healthy, vigorous condition of our entire stock—select the kinds and sizes which will best serve your individual need and, if you wish, pick out the actual trees,

shrubs or plants. We welcome personal visits, but whether personal or mail order, you have the assurance of getting exactly what you order—in size, quality, and always true to name.

A personal visit gives you the opportunity to talk over your individual planting problems. Our landscape architects and propagators will gladly give you advice in their respective lines, and aid you in planning or handle the entire planning and planting for you.

Our Service is complete, our stock so fine, healthy, extensive and with all so reasonably priced that we are glad to extend

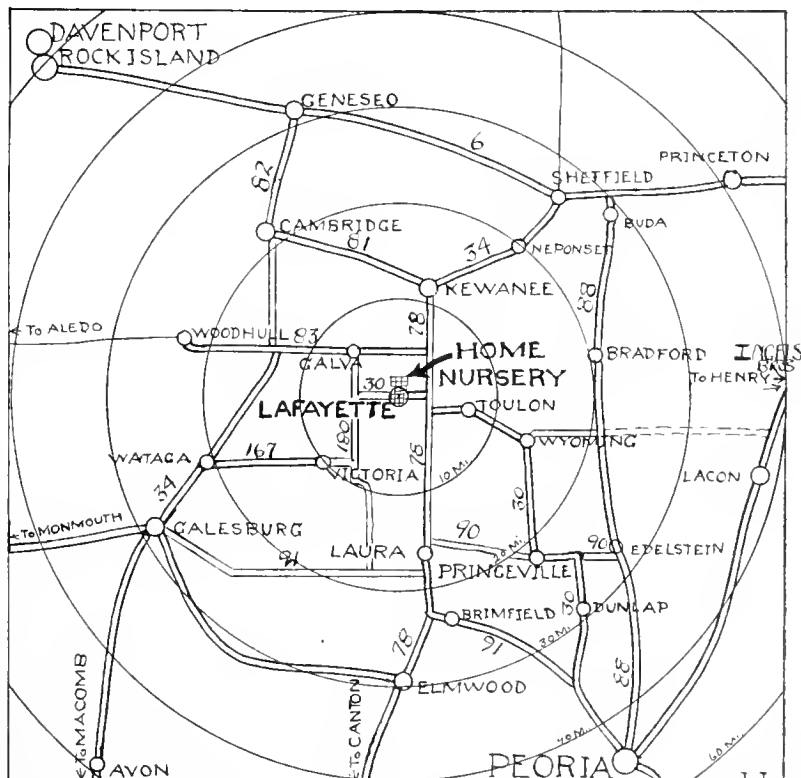
A Cordial Invitation to you to Come to the HOME NURSERY

You Will Enjoy
Your Visit

Hard Roads
All the Way

9 miles south of Kewanee on Route 78—look for the big Home Nursery Sign as you cross the R. I. R. R. tracks on Route 78.

Open Every Day
Including Sundays



COME — Bring the Family and Friends

THE HOME NURSERY, . . . La Fayette, Illinois

Evergreens • •

Evergreens are invaluable for beautifying grounds. They are used for specimens on the lawn and also extensively for massing, shelter-belts, screens, hedges, etc. For winter cheer they are unexcelled. Their bright warm foliage is always a welcome note in the landscape, but with the branches arched and laden with snow, the deep green needles standing out in contrast, they present a picture of indescribable beauty.

For planting around the house as a foundation planting they give a color and warmth that cannot be obtained with any other tree. Only an inspection of our stock can give an adequate idea of the variety of color effect they present. There are deepest and lightest greens, bright and sombre golden tints, and soft steel-greys and blues.

A good many fail with evergreens on account of improper treatment. In transplanting, the roots should never be allowed to become dry, as no amount of soaking will restore them.

The large-sized specimen trees we furnish with a ball of dirt, which insures the success of transplanting. The large trees produce an immediate effect. Trees dug with ball of earth about the roots and tightly sewed in burlap (B. & B.) may be shipped to any part of the country and planted with success.

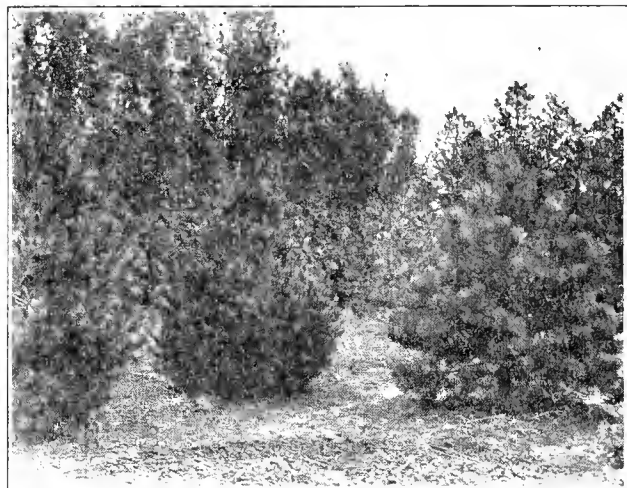
NOTE.—Where trees are dug with solid ball of earth they can be successfully planted at any time during the season, even during the hottest weather.

Note—Our Evergreens are balled and burlaped and may be transplanted successfully at any time

Varieties

Arbor Vitae...

AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE—One of the most valuable of the native Evergreens and one of the most rapid growers, and probably the easiest of all to transplant; in fact, they will grow almost as easily from a cutting as a willow. They make a tree 60 feet and up, and make very rapid growth the first few years, or

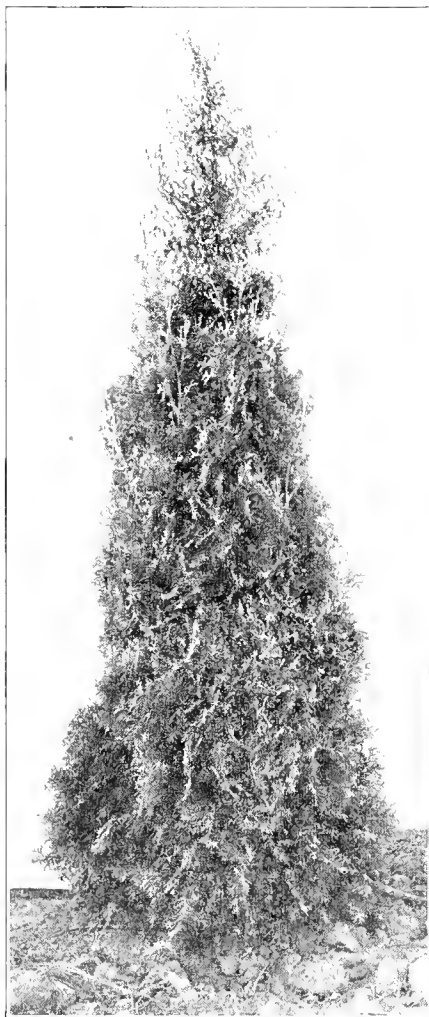


Large Evergreens for immediate Landscape effect, Home Nursery Grounds.

up to 20 feet in height. It is a native of this state and all over the northern part of the United States and Canada. From this tree comes the White Cedar posts, telegraph poles, railroad ties, etc. It thrives in most any situation; no place too wet or too dry. Fine for windbreaks and for ornamental hedgings, as it shears well and makes a very dense evergreen hedge.

Height	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet	\$.50	\$ 4.50	\$40.00
3 to 4 feet	1.25	10.00	---
4 to 5 feet	1.75	15.00	---
5 to 6 feet	2.00	15.00	100.00
6 to 7 feet	2.50	20.00	175.00
7 to 8 feet	3.00	25.00	200.00
8 to 10 feet	4.50	40.00	---

Sheared Specimens—	Each
Globe shaped, 2 to 3 feet	\$2.50
Pyramidal shaped, 5 to 6 feet	2.50
Pyramidal shaped, 6 to 7 feet	3.50



Specimen Arbor Vitae 6-foot tall, Home Nursery Grounds. Fine for accent planting.



Specimen Sheared Globe-Shaped Arbor Vitae two feet in diameter, Home Nursery Grounds.

"Plant a tree, Jock, it will be growing while you're sleeping."

Evergreens—Continued

ARBOR VITAE PYRAMIDALIS—A dwarf variety of very dense, compact growth and very narrow upright habit, and of a deep green at all seasons. Makes a straight, narrow column—a tree that is 15 or more feet in height will not be more than 2 feet in diameter. Absolutely hardy anywhere, and splendid for formal planting.

	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.75
2 to 3 feet	1.00
3 to 4 feet	1.50
4 to 5 feet	2.00

GLOBE ARBOR VITAE—This dwarf variety maintains the natural globe shape without trimming, and under favorable conditions will reach 3 feet in height and diameter. Grows very dense and round; is admirably adapted to foundation planting, bedding groups, for tubs or for urns.

	Each
12 to 14 inches	\$.75
15 to 18 inches	1.50
30 to 40 inches	2.50

ARBOR VITAE ARGENTEA (Golden-Tipped Arbor Vitae)—A rather dwarf growing kind, with outer tips of branches a light golden color. Fine for planting as contrast colors with other dwarf kinds.

	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.50
2 to 3 feet	1.00
3 to 4 feet	1.75

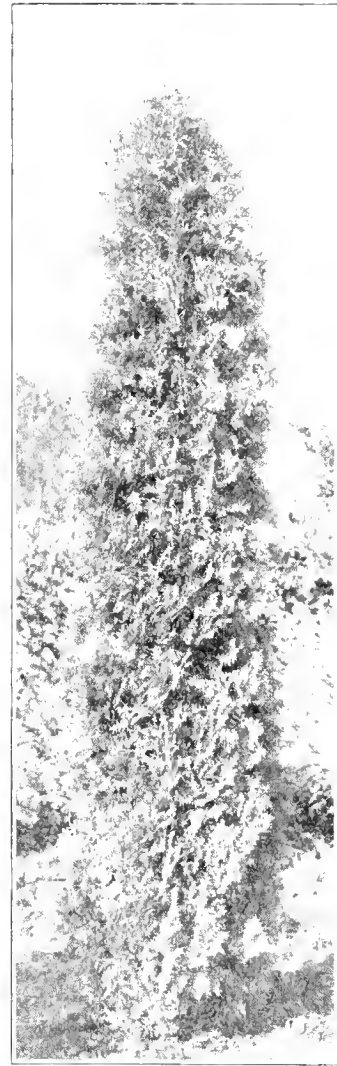
ARBOR VITAE (Peabody's)—A golden-yellow variety of dwarf habit. Fine for planting in contrast colors with other kinds and also for foundation planting.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$1.00
2 to 3 feet	1.50
3 to 4 feet	2.00

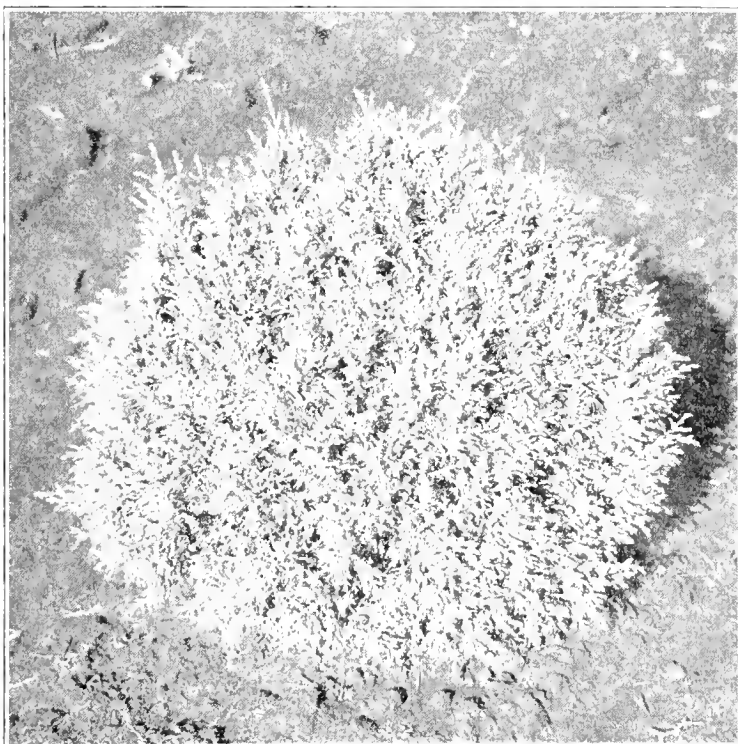
SIBERIAN ARBOR VITAE—Hardy variety, somewhat similar to the American Arbor Vitae, being much heavier and deeply crested, branches short and stiff. Of slow growth, being classed with the dwarfs. Is conical in outline, foliage of fine, deep green color, and very dense. This variety is used extensively for background in foundation planting where dense bushiness is required rather than height.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.75
2 to 3 feet	1.25

CHINESE ARBOR VITAE—Native of the Orient; of very upright growth and columnar habit. Branches stand edgewise to the trunk; foliage bright green, turning to a rich bronze in the winter. Price, 2½ to 3 ft. each \$1.75; per 10, \$15.00.



Pyramidal Arborvitae, Home Nursery Grounds.



Globe Arborvitae, Home Nursery Grounds.

Our
Evergreens
are

Clean
Healthy
Vigorous

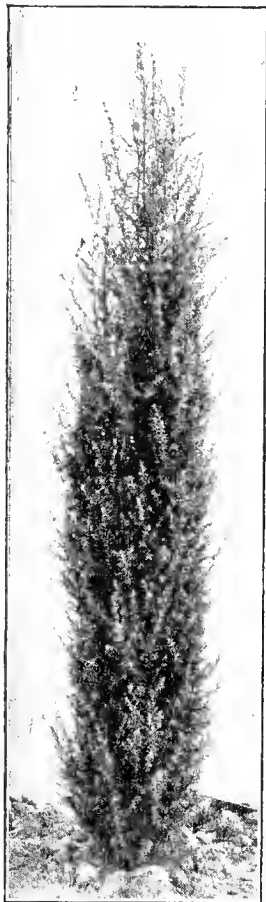
From the time of propagation until the trees are dug and shipped they are under the constant care of experts who have spent their lives in the cultivation of the SUPERIOR QUALITY EVERGREENS for which The Home Nursery has become famous.

Prices Are Very Low.
Quality Is The Finest.

Evergreens—Continued

Junipers...

The Junipers have so many different forms, colors and habits of growth that they are most valuable for producing pleasing landscape effects. Some are very slim, of upright spiral habit, suitable for accent planting, while others are low or spreading, and fine for in front of shrubberies or foundation planting. The trailing varieties are splendid for rockeries, banks, or ground covers. The compact form typical of the Juniper is very pleasing, and fits them for formal use. A group planting of the various kinds makes a most pleasing effect.



Irish Juniper, 4-foot tall, Home Nursery Grounds. The most formal upright growing of all the Evergreens. Fine for corner planting and places of limited area.

JUNIPERUS HIBERNICA (Irish Juniper) — Dwarf-growing Juniper of very upright, dense, columnar habit, with blueish-green foliage. One of the finest for formal plantings; makes a narrow column. Indispensable for gardens, beds and formal grounds.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.35
2 to 3 feet	.75
3 to 4 feet	1.25
4 to 5 feet	2.00
5 feet	3.00
6 feet	4.50

JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS (Waukegan Juniper) — A trailer of low, dense habit, covering the ground while not growing over 6 to 8 inches in height, it will spread to 8 or 10 feet in diameter under favorable conditions. The color of the foliage is a soft blue in the spring and summer, but changes to a rich purple in the late fall. As a ground cover for rock gardens, for Japanese gardens, or edging to evergreen borders, it has no equal.

Spread	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.75
2½ to 3 feet	1.50
5 feet	2.50
6 to 7 feet	3.50

JUNIPERUS SABINA (Savin Juniper) — A low, much branched, spreading shrub 2 to 3 feet in height; its branches well supplied with short, straight, tufted branchlets, which are well clothed with dark-green foliage. Its dark foliage gives it a very striking appearance planted with other evergreens. Does well in smoky atmosphere.

Spread	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$1.00
2 to 3 feet	1.50
3 to 4 feet	2.50



Juniperus Sabina, (Savin Juniper). The leading Dwarf Evergreen for bedding and foundation planting. Suitable to any situation. A hardy Native.

JUNIPERUS PFITZERIANA — Dwarf, low, irregular, spreading, vase-shaped, of bush-like form, with dense gray-green foliage of soft, feathery appearance. Extremely hardy, and seems to do equally well in cool shady places as in hot sunny situations; in fact, it does well in any situation. Very valuable for foundation and group planting.

Spread	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$1.50
2 to 3 feet	2.50
3 to 4 feet	3.50

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS AUREA — A golden variety of a low spreading Juniper, native to the north and eastern part of the United States and Canada. The new growth is a brilliant golden color, which holds during the entire year. The extremities of the branches are usually ascending, but rarely reach a height of 3 feet.

18 to 24 inches-----	Each \$1.50
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Specimens of Irish Juniper, (Juniperus Hibernica), Home Nursery Grounds

JUNIPERUS REPTANS — Low shrubs with horizontally spreading branches and slender curving branchlets, bright green. Perfectly hardy, and fine for covering banks and terraces, or for rock gardens and ground covers.

18 to 24 inches	Each \$1.00
2 to 3 feet	2.00

JUNIPERUS SQUAMATA — One of the most interesting of all the trailers. A native of the Himalayas, at high elevation. When quite young the plants are prostrate and trailing, but as it increases with age it assumes a compact, conical form, making a very pleasing appearance.

18 to 24 inches	Each \$1.50
-----------------	----------------

JUNIPERUS SUECICA — (Swedish Juniper) Tall growing, of formal, columnar habit. One of the hardiest and most reliable pillar types. The foliage is dense, fairly broad, with drooping tips; in color glaucous green somewhat lighter and bluer than the Irish Juniper.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$1.50
2 to 3 feet	2.00

JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA — A well known evergreen of compact pyramidal growth. The dense foliage is a bright blueish-green when fresh, maturing to a deep bronze-green during the winter, making a very striking contrast to the winter landscape. It can be trimmed in any desired shape or form, and is used a good deal in topiary work.

	Each
5 to 6 feet -----	\$3.00
6 to 7 feet -----	3.50
7 to 8 feet -----	4.50
8 to 10 feet -----	5.00

Firs...

FIR BALSAM — A very regular, symmetrical tree of upright, conical form; foliage dark-green above and silvery beneath. All parts of the tree have a very agreeable fragrance. The "Balsam" used in medicine is obtained from this tree. Fine for lawn specimen or for grouping.

Height	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.00
3 to 4 feet	2.50
4 to 5 feet	3.00
5 to 6 feet	4.00

FIR DOUGLAS (Pseudotsuga Douglasi) — Called Oregon Fir. It is the giant-growing timber of the Pacific Northwest. The young trees form a broad, sharp-pointed pyramid, very similar in habit to the well

Evergreens—Continued

Firs—Continued

known Norway Spruce, but of much more rapid growth. Excellent for windbreaks and forestry planting. Also makes a fine lawn specimen.

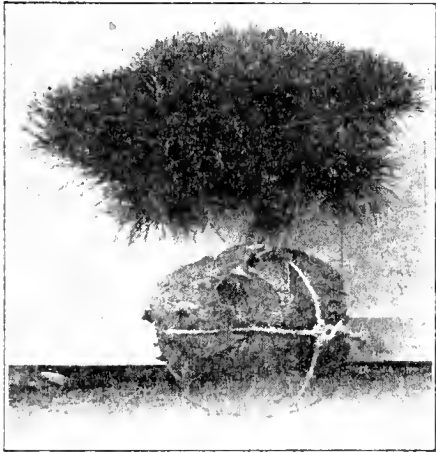
	Each
3 to 4 feet -----	\$1.50
4 to 5 feet -----	2.00
5 to 6 feet -----	2.50
6 to 8 feet -----	3.50

FIR CONCOLOR (Silver Fir)—The showiest of all the Firs, being a rich blueish-green. The new growth in the spring is of silvery whiteness, very beautiful. It grows in a distinctly pyramidal form and branches well down to the base. Makes a beautiful lawn tree.

	Each
18 to 24 inches -----	\$1.50
2 to 3 feet -----	2.00
3 to 4 feet -----	3.50

Pines...

The Pines are among the most important timber trees of the northern hemisphere, and many of them are valuable for decoration of parks and gardens. The following list comprises some of the most desirable for planting in this particular region.



Mugho Pine, balled and burlapped ready for delivery, Home Nursery.

PINE MUGHO (Shrub Pine) — A dense, low, round, shrub-like Pine of dark green foliage; extremely slow growth. Fine for planting in front of other groups of evergreens and where a formal planting is desired.

Height	Each
12 to 16 inches -----	\$1.00
15 to 18 inches -----	1.50
18 to 24 inches -----	2.00

PINUS PONDEROSA (Heavy or Bull Pine)—Very heavy growing, with massive needles 6 to 10 inches long of deep green color on the surface and blueish-white underneath. Habit of growth tall and well rounded, pyramidal shape. Contrasts well with other evergreens in group planting.

Height	Each
2 to 3 feet -----	\$1.00
3 to 4 feet -----	2.00

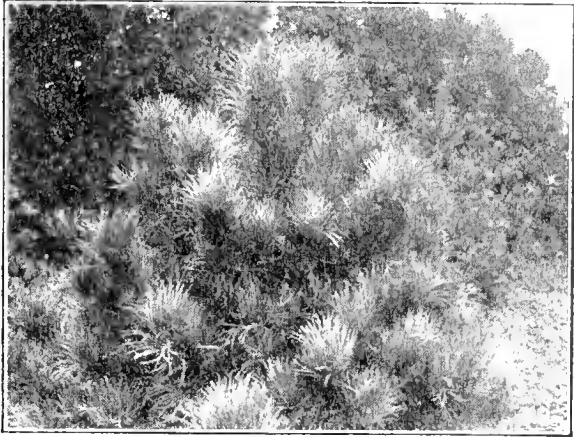
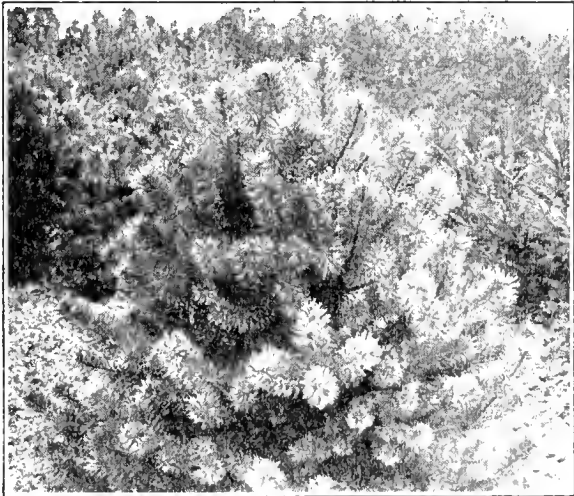
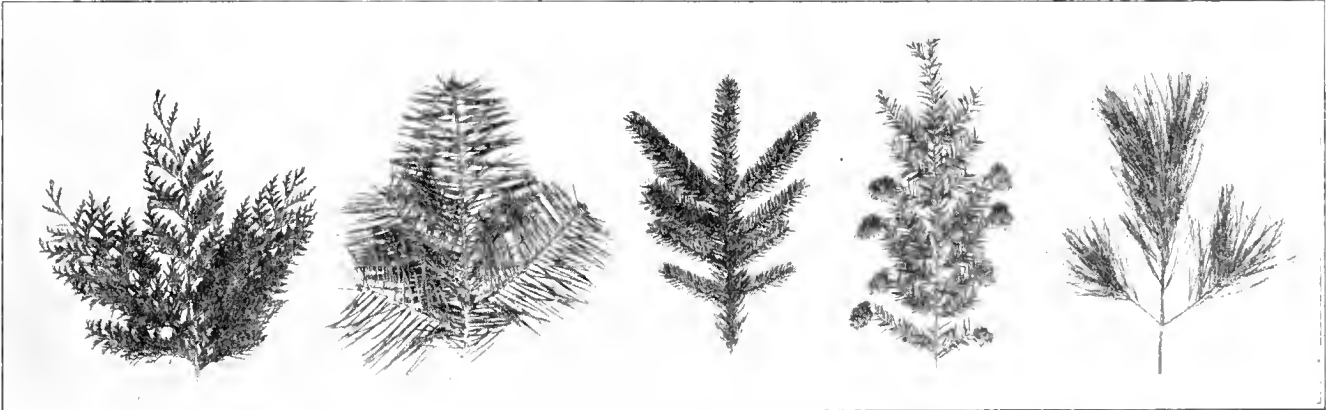


Photo of Pinus Ponderosa, or Heavy Pine, Home Nursery Grounds. Fine for contrast planting.



Specimen Scotch Pine, Home Nursery Grounds. Fine for landscape use.

PINE SCOTCH—A valuable timber tree of Northern Europe, familiarly known in Scotland as "Scots Fir." It is one of the fastest growing of the Pines and



Japanese Cypress

Silver Fir

Norway Spruce

Hemlock

White Pine

Evergreens—Continued

makes a very beautiful tree while young, but is inclined more to the picturesque when aged. A very hardy, rugged tree.

Height	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.00
3 to 4 feet	1.50
5 to 6 feet	7.50
4 to 5 feet	1.75
5 to 6 feet	2.00



White Pine, balled and burlapped ready for delivery, Home Nursery.

WHITE PINE—Hardy ornamental Pine, of very rapid growth, symmetrical when young, picturesque in old age. Leaves soft blueish-green, long and slender, and easily moved by the slightest breeze, so that a constant sighing and moaning is kept up, which has long been the theme of the poets. A native of the northern part of the United States and the tree that our best White Pine lumber comes from. Each season's growth is plainly noticeable, as the branches are grown in whorls or tiers and the age of any tree is easily determined by counting these whorls. On account of its very fast growing and subsequent immense size, it makes a splendid tree for tall background planting, also fine for streets and avenues.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.75
2 to 3 feet	1.00
3 to 4 feet	1.50
5 to 6 feet	2.50
6 to 7 feet	3.50
8 to 10 feet	7.50
4 to 5 feet	2.00

LANDSCAPING

Send us a sketch of your yard or grounds, we will be glad to offer suggestions for its beautification.



White Pines in our Grounds, very fast growing. Have these in all sizes up to 12 feet. Fine for shade and for Shelter-belts.

Spruces...

A splendid family of cone-bearing trees, pyramidal in form, of massive structure, and extremely hardy. The erect pyramidal shape and stiff horizontal or slightly drooping branches are characteristic of this species. They are not only highly ornamental, but also very valuable forest trees. We offer below the leading kinds now being planted.

SPRUCE, NORWAY—Large, fast-growing tree of Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit; dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as for single lawn specimen: where given room it branches from the ground up. Often planted as an evergreen hedge, as it stands shearing well and makes a very striking hedge. Being so easily transplanted and of such rapid, dense growth, it has become the most popular evergreen for windbreaks.

Height	Each	Per 10
18 to 24 inches	\$.40	\$ 3.00
2 to 3 feet	.75	6.00
3 to 4 feet	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 feet	1.75	---
5 to 6 feet	2.50	---
6 to 7 feet	3.50	---

SPRUCE, COLORADO BLUE—A very hardy and handsome tree from Colorado, of sturdy, upright growth; color of foliage blueish-green to silvery-white, rarely dark green. The extra blue or silvery-white specimens are called "shiners" by the trade, and bring a



Block of Arborvitae, Home Nursery Grounds. These are propagated and grown in very large quantities, so we are able to offer them at extremely low price. Fine for Windbreaks and Hedges. (See page 22).

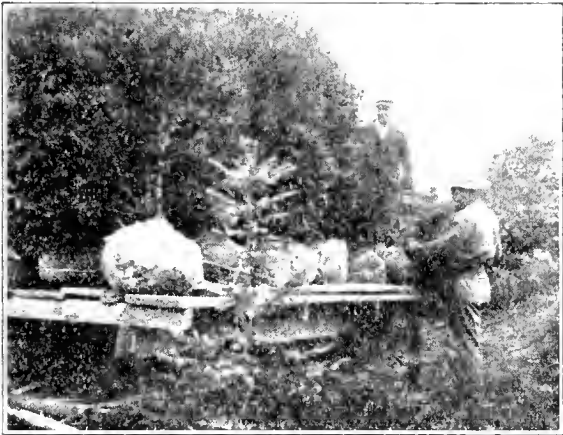
Evergreens—Continued

higher price. The trees have heavy, horizontal, stout branches in remote whorles, which become drooping as they get older. A very striking tree in appearance and the most admired of the Spruces, and one of the finest for planting as single specimen in park or lawn.

Height	Each
12 to 15 inches	\$1.50
18 to 24 inches	2.50
2 to 3 feet	3.50
Selected blue, Double price.	
Koster's grafted, 2 to 3 feet	\$10.00
Koster's grafted, 3 to 4 feet	12.50

SPRUCE, HEMLOCK—This handsome evergreen is in a class by itself. It seems to grow equally well in the shade as in the open. There is probably no more beautiful evergreen than the Hemlock. It does not have the stiff, formal appearance of many of the evergreens, but is graceful and stately at the same time. With its dark green dense foliage, pyramidal shape and light drooping branchlets, it is admired in every situation. Fine for ornamental hedging, as it shears well.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$.75
2 to 3 feet	1.75
3 to 4 feet	2.00
4 to 5 feet	3.00
5 to 6 feet	4.00
6 to 7 feet	5.00



Loading Balled Evergreens at the Nursery, Home Nursery Grounds.

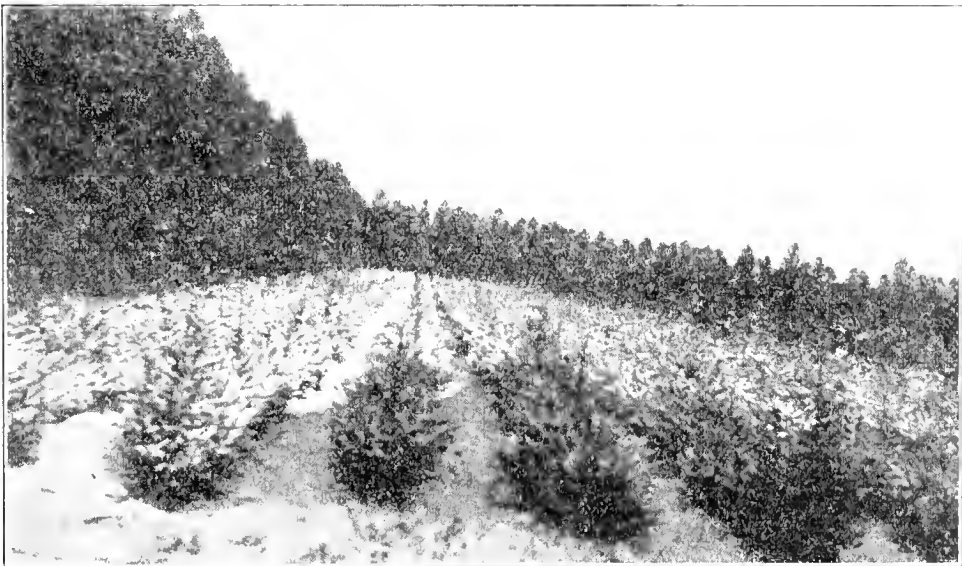
SPRUCE, WHITE—A small-sized, pyramidal-shaped tree of slow and compact growth. The foliage is a light green with a blueish tint. This variety is seen on the market as Christmas Trees brought from the north in preference to any other kind. Its slow, dense growth makes it valuable for foundation as well as for grouping with other stronger growing kinds.

Height	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$2.50
4 to 5 feet	3.00
5 to 6 feet	3.50



Norway Spruce in our Grounds. Popular for specimen trees as well as for windbreaks. We have these in all sizes up to 30 feet in height.

“What is the secret the Pine Trees know,
That keeps them whispering soft and low?
All day long in the breezes swaying,
What can it be they are always saying?”



Partial view of Block No. 3, showing Norway Spruce 2 and 3 feet in height. Home Nursery Grounds.

TREE SURGERY

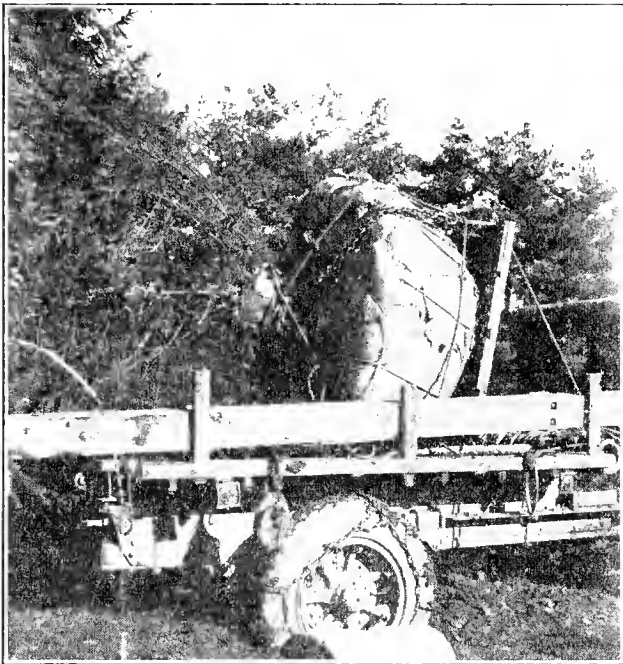
Our tree surgeons are experts and use the most modern and approved methods. They are now available to our customers for tree trimming or surgery, to preserve the beauty and health of your shade and fruit trees.

Evergreens—Continued

BLACK SPRUCE (*Picea Mariana*)—Native of the northern part of the United States. Similar to the White Spruce, but with more open, slender, often drooping branches, forming a narrow, irregular head. Often found growing in swamps as well as on higher ground. The drooping branches give it a decided Alpine effect when planted with other evergreens. Of slow growth, and very suitable for foundation planting.

Height	Each
2 to 3 feet	-----\$.75
3 to 4 feet	-----1.50
4 to 5 feet	-----2.00
5 to 6 feet	-----3.00

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE—A close relative of the White Spruce, native of the Black Hills, Dakota, and well adapted to dry and rigorous situations. Very symmetrical, compact and bushy in habit of growth; the small trees being very round, sturdy and compact bodies. The foliage varies from green to bluish tint, and the trees present a lively green at all times. On account of its slow and compact growth it is well adapted for planting in vases, tubs, etc. or for bedding. Price, 12 to 18 inches, each 75c; per 10, \$6.00. 18 to 24 inches, each \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 2 to 3 feet, each \$1.50; per 10, \$12.50. 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50.



Balled Evergreen with 12-inch body, loaded ready for delivery, Home Nursery Grounds.

The Japanese Cypress (*Retinospora*)

A magnificent family of highly ornamental hardy evergreens introduced from Japan. The brilliancy and variety in the coloring of the foliage of these plants, as well as its delicacy in texture, make them especially interesting. The dwarf kinds are admirably adapted to terrace borders, window boxes and vases. An occasional shearing makes them more compact in growth and brings out the varied shades of silver, green and gold. Because the growth of even the larger growing kinds of these plants can be controlled by shearing, they are well suited for planting about the house foundation.

RETINOSPORA PISIFERA (*Sawara Cypress*)—A beautiful hardy evergreen from Japan, with soft, feathery foliage, with drooping branches. There are none of the Cypress that are native to America that are hardy in this latitude, and it is only in recent years that the Japan Cypress was found to be hardy here. They are similar to the Arbor Vitae, but finer texture of foliage and more spreading habit.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	-----\$1.00
2 to 3 feet	-----1.50
3 to 4 feet	-----1.75
4 to 5 feet	-----2.50
5 to 7 feet	-----3.50

RETINOSPORA PISIFERA AUREA (*Golden Sawara Cypress*)—Same as the above, but with golden-tipped foliage. Fine for foundation and group planting, as it contrasts well with other evergreens.

Height	Each
18 to 24 inches	-----\$1.00
2 to 3 feet	-----1.25
3 to 4 feet	-----1.75
4 to 5 feet	-----2.50

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA (*Plume Cypress*)—A dwarf growing variety with dark, dense plume-like foliage with spreading, conical habit. A beautiful variety for low planting, of slow growth, with branches light and graceful at the ends. Relatively rare, but very desirable.

Height	Each	Per 10
12 to 15 inches	-----\$.75	\$ 6.50
18 to 24 inches	-----1.00	7.50
2 to 3 feet	-----1.50	10.00
3 to 4 feet	-----2.50	-----

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA AUREA (*Golden Plume Cypress*)—Same as the above, but tips of the branches a golden-yellow during the growing season and with a golden tint during the winter. Contrast well with other evergreens in foundation planting or grouping.

Height	Each	Per 10
12 to 15 inches	-----\$1.00	\$ 7.50
18 to 24 inches	-----1.25	10.00
2 to 3 feet	-----1.75	-----

RETINOSPORA ARGENTEA—Very dwarf, compact grower, with white tipped foliage. Very suitable for tubs or vases.

Height	Each
10 to 12 inches	-----\$1.00
12 to 15 inches	-----1.50

RETINOSPORA FILIFERA AUREA—With thread-like foliage of a bright lemon-yellow, of low spreading habit, very dwarf; fine for borders and foundation planting.

Height	Each
12 to 15 inches	-----\$1.00
15 to 18 inches	-----1.50
18 to 24 inches	-----2.50

NOTE.—All Evergreens priced at \$1.00 or over include digging with ball of earth.

Evergreens carry their beauty and charm the year round and perhaps are even most appreciated in the winter, their warm, green foliage contrasts so sharply with the barren winter landscape, and their graceful branches bend under a mantle of newly fallen snow.



Plume Cypress, (*Retinospora Plumosa*), Home Nursery Grounds.

Shade Trees ••

There is nothing about a homestead in the country or residence in city or village that reflects the culture and refinement of the owner as do well-kept and judiciously planted grounds. The planting also adds selling value as well as beauty and comfort.

In the development of the Central West, the first and most important thing to the home builder was to get the home, and little attention was paid to the beautifying of the home grounds. Now the land is practically all developed into farms with convenient and substantial buildings, and the owners are beginning to think about beautifying their homes by the planting of ornamental trees, flowering shrubs and plants.

The demand for ornamental trees, shrubs and plants has greatly increased the past few years, and to meet this demand we have greatly enlarged our plantings in this department and enlarged our facilities for propagating this class of stock, which consists of such kinds as are hardy and desirable and represent a great variety of colors both in blossom and foliage, as well as in habit and growth, and we are able to supply these in large quantities.



View in our grounds showing Specimen Evergreens, some 30 feet in height. These may be moved to your grounds, saving to you 20 to 30 years time.

Where large or small estates are to be beautified or grounds laid out, such as parks, playgrounds, institutional and club grounds, cemeteries, etc., we send a landscape architect to survey same and furnish complete plans and specifications for the proper planting, location of walks, drives, etc.

Our stock of Ornamentals consists of the very best and hardest kind suitable for this latitude, and the list contains over 150 different kinds of Shrubs and Hardy Plants. And our extensive list of Evergreens contains all the most desirable and hardy for this section of the country.

With this large list and our splendid stock we are in position to execute any Landscape job in the best possible manner. Having our own stock to select from, we are not handicapped by having to send away for any stuff in beautifying grounds, and are able to give our customers better satisfaction.

Remember, it is "Quality" that you get when dealing with The Home Nursery.

Shade Trees...

ASH (American White)—A long-enduring tree of rapid growth, excellent for street planting. Price, 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.00.

BIRCH (Black)—A very graceful tree with reddish-brown paper-like bark. Likes damp places. Price 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.00.

ELM (American White)—A splendid native tree of great size and wide spread, with graceful drooping branches. Classed among the rapid growing trees and is not easily damaged by storms. On account of its wide spread, is one of the best for streets and parks. Price, 8 to 10 ft., each \$1.50; 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.50.

CHINESE ELM—Of recent introduction from China, is native of Turkestan to Siberia and Northern China. Of extremely rapid growth while young, but does not make a large tree. Foliage is small and dense; growth symmetrical and compact. Especially adapted to arid regions, succeeds everywhere. A very desirable street tree, on account of its quick maturity and dense growth. Price, 8 to 10 ft., each \$1.50; 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.50; per 10, \$20.00; 12 to 14 ft., each \$3.50.

HACKBERRY—A valuable shade tree of rapid growth—limbs seldom broken by storm. Price, 12 to 14 ft., each, \$2.00.

MOLINE ELM—Variety of late introduction, found growing at Moline, Ill. Of very compact, upright and fast growing habit, with large leaves of distinct dark blue-green shade. Makes fine specimen for lawn or street planting. Our stock is budded from the original tree. Price, 8 to 9 ft., each \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00; 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.50; 12 to 14 ft., each \$3.00.

MAPLE, SOFT—Well known rapid growing native tree, valuable where quick shade is wanted. It was among the first trees planted for shade by the early settlers 50 to 75 years ago, as there was no other native tree so beautiful, so easily transplanted or made such quick shade. Altho not as long lived as the Oak or Elm, they make a beautiful tree for at least the first 25 years. Price, 9 to 10 ft., each \$1.50; 10 to 12 ft., each \$2.00; 12 to 14 ft., each \$2.50.

MAPLE, HARD (Sugar Maple)—Makes a round, dense top, medium rapid growth and one of the best for shade. Rather slow about getting started after being planted, but when once established, makes very rapid growth. The leaves give beautiful autumn tints of yellow and scarlet in the fall. Has no equal for shade. Price, 8 to 10 ft., each \$2.50; 10 to 12 ft., each \$3.50.

MAPLE, NORWAY—A native of Europe. Grows similar in habit to the Hard Maple, but more dense and of slower growth. Its compact habit, broad, deep green shining foliage, render it one of the most desirable for streets and lawns. Price, 6 to 8 ft., each \$2.50; 10 to 12 ft., each \$3.50; 12 to 14 ft., each \$5.00.

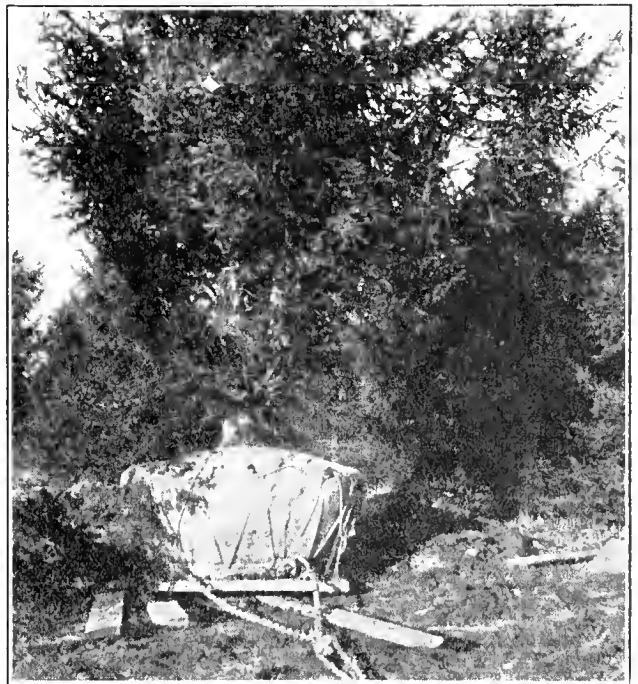
MAPLE (The Schwedler)—Variety of Norway having red foliage in the spring and fall. Price, 7 to 8 ft., each \$2.50.

LINDEN (Basswood)—A rapid growing large sized tree, native to this country. It forms a round, compact top; this, with its broad leaves, makes a dense shade. Has very fragrant flowers, to which the bees are attracted. Price, 7 to 8 ft., each \$3.00.

MOUNTAIN ASH—Hardy tree, head dense and regular, beautiful fern-like green foliage, distinctly ornamental, free from insect pests. Covered with clusters of bright red berries from July until winter. The combination of foliage and clusters of fruit makes it a very beautiful tree for lawn planting. Price, 6 to 7 ft., each \$1.50; 7 to 8 ft., each \$2.50; 8 to 10 ft., each \$3.50.

POPLAR BOLLEANA (Silver Poplar)—Of very upright pyramidal form, leaves dark green on the upper side and a brilliant silver underneath. Makes a most strikingly beautiful tree; tall and slim. Price, 10 ft., each \$1.75; 12 to 14 ft., each \$2.50.

RED BUD (Judas Tree)—A small growing tree about the size of the native plum, of irregular form and heart-shaped leaves. The branches are covered with bright pink blossoms very early in the spring, before the leaves appear, which gives its name, Red Bud. Fine for massing with other shrubs for an early spring color effect. Price, 4 to 5 ft., each \$1.00.



Thirty Foot Norway Spruce balled ready for shipment, Home Nursery Grounds.

Shade Trees—Continued

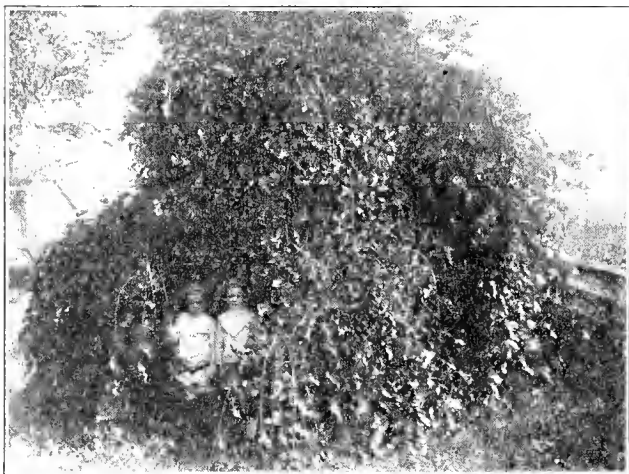
POPLAR LOMBARDY—Very tall, rapid growing tree with spire-like habit. Its tall, narrow lines make it picturesque compared to the more rounded forms of other trees. Used considerably in screens, or to accent shrubby groups. Price, 8 to 10 ft., each 75c; 10 to 12 ft., each \$1.00; 12 to 14 ft., each \$2.00.



The original of this picture was presented to Mr. Irvin Ingels in Lombardy, France, the origination of the now famous Lombardy Poplars, by the owner of this picturesque group.

For Formal Planting...

CATALPA BUNGEI (Umbrella Catalpa)—A bush form of Catalpa from China. When grafted on stems 6 to 7 feet high it makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning. This is the dwarf round-headed tree frequently seen and used primarily for producing formal effects. Price, 1-year heads, \$1.00 each; 2-year heads, \$1.50 each.



Specimen Tea's Weeping Mulberry—several years planted. Most perfect weeping tree grown.

Weeping Trees...

The Weeping Trees lend grace and beauty to ornamental grounds and may be planted singly in open situations, where they will fully develop. The following list

contains the most hardy and desirable of this class of trees:

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY—One of the most perfect weeping trees yet introduced. With long, slender, willowy branches reaching the ground; full of fruit during the early part of the summer. The foliage is bright glossy green. Price, each \$1.75; per 10, \$15.00.

CAMPERDOWN WEEPING ELM—One of the finest weeping trees for the lawn. With broad foliage and branches drooping gracefully to the ground. Price, each \$2.50.

WEEPING WILLOW (Babylonian)—A most graceful tree of large size. Its fresh, bright green tint and long wavy branches make it very attractive. Price, 5 to 6 ft., each 75c; 8 to 10 ft., each \$1.50.

CUT-LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH—Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping habit, silvery white bark and delicately cut foliage presents attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. Very popular for single lawn specimens or groups; the white bark of trunk and twigs gleaming conspicuously among the darker greens and browns. Price, 6 to 8 ft., each \$2.50; 8 to 10 ft., each \$3.50.

Suggestions on Planting...

In planting, due regard should be paid to the space available, and trees and shrubs should not be planted at random. Nothing is more handsome than a fine, well-cut lawn, with trees and shrubs planted along the drives leading to the house and other buildings. The background for a large lawn should be of the different varieties of larger growing trees, with groups of specimen trees in the foreground. Most shrubs are at their best planted in beds, either all of one variety or with several varieties so arranged that the higher growing ones will form the center, with those of lower growing habits massed around them. These plants should be thoroughly cultivated and annually pruned. It is not well to plant so few that years must pass before a good effect is produced, but a surplus should be planted at first and this gradually taken out.

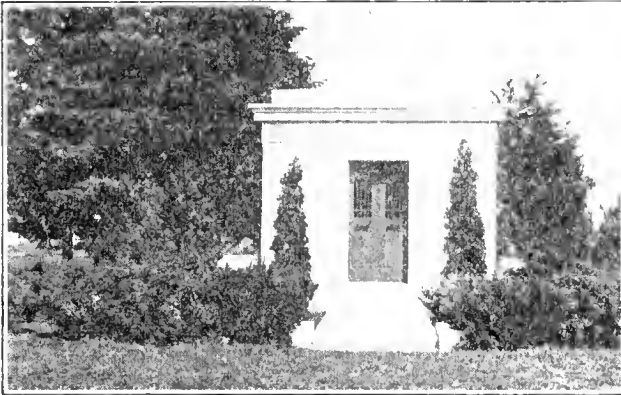
Vines should be planted near the house and allowed to clamber on it, or may be trained with fine effect over arbors or stakes placed in the lawn.

"Give fools their gold, and knaves their power,
Let fortune's bubbles rise and fall;
Who sows a field, or trains a flower,
Or plants a tree, is more than all."

—Whittier.



Large Arborvitae in Nursery Rows, Home Nursery Grounds.



Mausoleum, Galva Cemetery.
Planting Design made and
executed by the
Home Nursery Landscape
Service.

Decorations for Cemetery Lots

Most people want to do something to decorate their Cemetery Lot but do not know just what to use in the way of Trees, Shrubs and Plants. A judicious planting gives a warmth and beauty obtained in no other way.

Have listed below such Trees, Shrubs and Hardy Plants as are suitable for such work. The prices and descriptions will be found under their respective heads in this Catalog.

Evergreens for corners of Lot.

Pyramidal Arborvitae,
Globe Arborvitae,
Irish Juniper.

Evergreens for on or near grave.

Juniperus Sabina,
Juniperus Pfitzeriana,
Globe Arborvitae.

Evergreens for Grave Covers.

Juniperus Horizontalis,
Juniperus Squamata,
Juniperus Reptans.

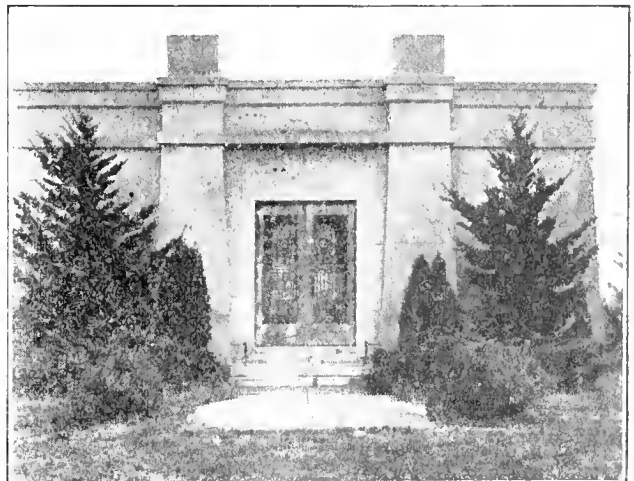
Broad-leaved Evergreens for grave covers.

Vinca Minor (Periwinkle),
Pachysandra Terminalis (Jap.
Spurge), (for description see
under Vines).

Hardy Flowering Perennials.

Rocky Mountain Columbine,
Bleeding Heart,
Boltonia,
Chrysanthemums,
Delphiniums,
White Day Lily,
Gaillardia,
Oriental Poppy,
Hardy Phlox in variety,
Peonias in variety.

All the above perennials are reliable and will live from year to year with very little or no attention. Descriptions and prices will be found under Perennials in this Catalog.



Mausoleum, Avon Cemetery.
Planting Design made
and executed by the Home
Nursery Landscape
Service.

Apples • •	6 to 7 ft. 3 Year Trees	each	\$.65	2 Year Trees	each	\$.50
		per 10.....	6.00		per 10.....	4.00
		per 100....	50.00		per 100....	35.00

Of all the fruits grown in this latitude, the apple is by far the most important. It is not only a luxury, but a most valuable food product. And the old saying that "An apple a day will keep the doctor away" is based on fact. The rosy cheek of the apple will give the rosy cheek of health.

Illinois is one of the leading apple growing States in the Union, and the fruit produced here is far superior in flavor and keeping qualities than any from the South or West. And unlike other fruits, its period of ripening extends throughout the year. So that by a selection of kinds one may have this most valuable fruit of his own growing in a fresh condition the year round. Don't kid yourself that apples do not grow here and that planting an orchard would be a waste of time and money.

There is a sentiment about the Farm Orchard that grips one more than any other feature of the homestead. There is nothing that brings such pleasant memories as the old orchard with its golden Pippins and rosy-cheeked Maiden-Blush, or in the spring-time when the trees are laden with blossoms and fragrance. What a tragedy to a family of boys and girls raised on a farm without an orchard.

There is not a dweller on a farm who need be without this health-giving fruit the year round. Some people try to argue that they can buy their supply of apples cheaper than they can grow them. It may be possible, but they never do it; they go without. The orchard pays as a protection to the place as well as for the ornament and landscape effect it gives. It is even worth the cost for the blossoms and shade it affords. But when it comes to having honest-to-goodness apples right from the trees, there is nothing like it.

Buying trees from the grower is not to be compared with buying from an agent or dealer, and where stock goes through several hands the price is necessarily higher—the price is increased and the quality decreased. And the likelihood of getting stuff true to label is very remote. Remember, in buying of us you are dealing direct with the grower and have no agent's or dealer's profit to pay.

We find that we are over-stocked on apple trees this season, and have decided to reduce the price in order to move the stock. However, price does not indicate quality. Our trees are of the very best quality that can be grown and true to label. The planting of an orchard is a permanent thing, and one should be sure of getting quality stock and true to label.

The proper selection of varieties is a very important factor in providing fruit the season through. But few of the summer kinds will be needed, as compared with the late fall and winter varieties.

The trees we have to offer are grown on our own grounds, with soil and climatic conditions same as yours, and will succeed. They are not to be compared with stock grown in some other state. The varieties offered are selected from a list that has been tried out in this particular region of the corn belt, and you will make no mistake in planting any or all of them.

Apples come into bearing usually after three or four years and reach full maturity in ten to fifteen years.



Delicious Apple

Summer Varieties...

EARLY HARVEST (Yellow Harvest)—Medium to large size; pale yellow. Flesh very white, tender and juicy, crisp, with a rich sprightly subacid flavor. Altho a

very old variety, on account of its beauty, its excellent qualities for dessert and cooking and its productiveness, it is one of the very best extra early kinds. It begins to ripen about the first of July and continues throughout the month.

OLDENBURG (Duchess of Oldenburg)—One of the most hardy and profitable kinds in cultivation. Tree among the hardiest, and one of the few that will stand the climate of northern Iowa, Minnesota, Montana and other cold locations. Medium sized, red striped and a favorite on account of its rich acidity and splendid cooking qualities. Season the last of July to September. Regular and abundant bearer.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—This variety was introduced from Russia in 1870 by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is one of the very hardiest and earliest bearers grown; usually bears the second year after planting and sometimes bears in the nursery row. Of vigorous upright growth, but never makes a large tree. Fruit medium, skin clear white at first, becoming pale yellow when fully matured. Fruit may be used from 10 days to two weeks earlier than any other kind. Extremely productive.

Fall Varieties...

AUTUMN STRAWBERRY—Medium upright spreading tree, an abundant bearer, one of the old reliable kinds. Fruit light red, striped. Flesh yellowish white, very tender, juicy, pleasant vineous, subacid. Ripens September and October.

MAIDEN BLUSH—Well known variety that needs no description. A good hardy tree and splendid bearer. Fruit of uniformly large size, smooth, with a delicate waxy appearance, pale yellow in the shade and with a brilliant crimson cheek next the sun. Flesh white, sprightly, tender, pleasant subacid. Has no equal for cooking or drying. Season September.

SNOW (Famuse)—Gets its name from the snow-white color of its flesh. It is an excellent, productive autumn apple and is especially valuable in northern latitudes. Fruit of medium size, roundish, mostly red in the sun. Flesh remarkably white, very tender, juicy and with a slight perfume. For eating out of hand it is in a class by itself. Season October to December.

WEALTHY—Vigorous spreading tree, extremely productive. This beautiful moderate sized, brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardiness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habit makes it a very profitable kind. Flesh white and tender, reddish stained and of excellent flavor. Season October to December.

Winter Varieties...

BEN DAVIS—Is hardy and attractive, succeeds wherever apples are grown. There is no apple that has more favors, on account of its hardiness, productiveness, beauty and endurance in shipping. It is excellent for cooking. There are better apples, but where Ben Davis succeeds, one can always be sure of success, owing to its regular and heavy bearing qualities. The fruit is thick-skinned, does not show bruises easily, and presents a good appearance in the package after being handled and shipped in the ordinary way. November to April.

DELICIOUS—Tree very hardy, strong upright grower and comes into bearing soon. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red. Flesh fine-grained, crisp and melting, juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. This no doubt is the most popular and highest priced eating apple on the market. Season December to March.

GRIMES GOLDEN PIPPIN—Tree is vigorous grower and a hardy late bloomer. Comes into bearing young. Fruit medium to large, cylindrical in shape; flesh tender, juicy and rich, an old time favorite, never losing its popularity. A favorite in all markets and invariably brings the highest price. Color a transparent golden yellow. Season December to April.

Apples—Continued

JONATHAN—For years the standard of quality by which other sorts have been gauged. Trees are long lived, productive and an early bearer. A brilliant red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality, being tender, juicy, spicy and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Season December to April.

ROMANSTEM—Is one of the best known of the winter apples. Excellent keeper and fine flavor; yellow with pinkish cast on cheek; a good bearer.

STAYMAN'S WINESAP—Tree vigorous, hardy, spreading. An early and very productive fruit, medium size, roundish, approaching conic; skin smooth, greenish yellow, splashed and striped with red and purple; flesh yellow, firm, tender, juicy, rich, subacid, aromatic; quality best. Splendid late keeper. Season December to April.

TOLMAN SWEETING—The very best of the winter sweet apples. Flesh white, firm and sweet. Excellent for winter baking. Keeps until spring. Trees are very hardy and productive. Season December to April.

WINESAP—Well known variety and one of the leading export apples. Fruit medium large, skin thick and very tough, almost entirely covered with dark red; flesh yellow, fine-grained, firm, rich, crisp, slightly subacid, quality excellent. Season December to April.

WILLOW TWIG—Spreading, somewhat drooping habit, very hardy and productive. Fruit medium to large size, light yellow, shaded and marbled with dull red. Flesh yellowish green, rather firm, pleasant subacid. One of the best keeping sorts. Is not at its best until March or April.

Crab Apples...

The Crab Apple is a great bearer and produces abundantly, often when apples fail. The trees are hardy and strong growers. The fruit is unsurpassed for jellies and preserves. No one with any amount of ground should be without this popular fruit. We have to offer some very large trees that will soon come into abundant bearing. The great beauty of the crab apple tree in bloom is an added advantage which makes it very attractive for yard planting, the tree being a mass of fragrant flowers in the spring.

Price each, 6 to 7 ft., 65c; Per 10, \$5.50

HYSLOP—A large deep crimson crab, very popular on account of its size and beautiful color. And commands a fancy market price. The tree is a moderate grower and makes a nice round topped tree; fruit borne in clusters.

TRANSCENDENT—This variety is one of the best of the Siberian crabs, is popular over the entire country, being perfectly hardy everywhere and an immense bearer, yielding large crops every year. A very rapid grower and comes into bearing soon after planting. Fruit is large and round; skin smooth, rich yellow, shaded with red. Flesh firm and crisp, yellowish, fine grained, and very juicy. Fine for jellies and pickles.

COME IN EARLY

The demand will be heavy because of the shortage in apple trees—make your selection while our stock is complete.

Apricots • •

The Apricot is one of the earliest of the tree fruits and is the first tree in the spring to show bloom. A rich, delicious fruit, coming between cherries and peaches. Very much like the peach in outward appearance, but like the plum in texture and quality. Aside from its value as a fresh fruit, the Apricot is fine for

Plant for Profit and Pleasure

Now is the time to plant Fruit Trees and Berries for real saving in money and the satisfaction in having fresh, delicious, home-grown fruits for eating and canning.

Fruit assures a big return on your comparatively small investment by supplying your table with a great abundance in season and a ready market for the surplus. In fact, fruit has proven so profitable that many people are devoting their entire time to raising, storage and marketing.

We are particularly fortunate in having an exceptional fine lot of fruit trees—big, strong, healthy, vigorous trees—trees that you can plant with assurance that they will keep right on to early bearing.

Unlike most of the rest of the country our location was one of the few favored spots in the drouth of the past two years, so our stock has not been injured or the growth stunted.

Best of all, our stock is ample to permit us to sell at much below the normal market—so in buying from us you save on the price and get the finest stock.

PLANT NOW—Pick out a balanced lot of early, midsummer, fall and winter apples—you will get an abundance of luscious fruits and some of the trees will start bearing in a year or so.

canning or drying, and vast quantities are used in this way every year.

Our stock of trees is grown from bearing trees of known merit and are sure to give good results. They are absolutely hardy. Price, each 75c.

In this section of Illinois it is a very easy matter for a farmer to raise all the fruit his family can use, but not one out of fifty does it.

Pears • •

As a dessert fruit the pear is of great value. When properly ripened there is none of the tree fruits more luscious. It is an old saying that "He who plants pears plants for his heirs." The pear is a very much longer lived tree than the apple, and, as a rule, comes into bearing much later. However, we now have varieties that come into bearing soon after planting. The dwarf trees often bear in the nursery row, and commence bearing very soon after planting, and are annual bearers.

The list of the desirable varieties that succeed in this section of the corn belt is rather limited, as compared with other parts of the United States. There are two distinct methods of growing the pear: Standards, or those grown upon pear roots; and Dwarf, those grown on Quince. The dwarfs never make very large trees. The dwarfing merely checks the growth of the tree but does not affect the fruit, and produces immediate and yearly bearing.

Our List includes both Standard and Dwarfs that are best suited to this section of the corn belt, and where planted in variety will give fruit from July to December. It is very important in handling pears to gather the fruit from a week to ten days before fully ripe and finish the ripening in a dark cellar, which greatly improves the flavor.

**Standard Trees, 6 to 7 ft., each 75c;
Per 10, \$6.00**

BARTLETT—The leading commercial variety; one of the most popular for dessert and canning. Large, clear yellow, with blush on sunny side. Flesh is

white, fine-grained, juicy and sweet. Tree is vigorous, very productive, hardy, bears young.

KIEFFER—A large, handsome pear and an excellent keeper. The trees are very hardy and begin to bear when quite young. The fruit is a rich yellow with a reddish cheek. If picked about October 1st, when it takes on a slight yellow tint, and put in boxes in a dark place to ripen, they are fine eating out of hand and superior to most pears for canning. Its excellent flavor and handsome appearance make it a desirable market variety.

Kieffer Extra Heavy Trees; Price, each \$1.50

Dwarf Pear Trees...

Dwarf Pears are valuable, as they come into bearing immediately and are well adapted to small gardens. It is propagated on Quince roots, which makes the tree a slow, dwarfish grower, and less subject to blight than the standard. The dwarfing does not affect the fruit in any way. In orchard planting they may be set much closer than the standard trees.

**Price, 3 yr. old, each 75c
Per 10, \$6.00**

DUCHESSE—Very large, greenish-yellow, sometimes russeted. The flesh is white, juicy, buttery, melting and sweet. Ripens from October to November.

SECKEL—One of the best and highest flavored pears known. Rather small, with a rich, yellowish-brown skin and white, melting flesh. Season, August and September. Tree very productive.

Peaches • •

Peaches are the earliest to come into bearing after planting of any of the tree fruits. Trees have been known to bear fruit within eighteen months from the time the seed sprouted, and it is not uncommon for them to bear in three years from the seed. Trees planted out usually come into bearing the second year and come into full bearing from three to four years.

It is the belief among a good many growers that a seedling tree is harder or less liable to winter injury than one propagated by budding or grafting. They are greatly mistaken in this, as the mode in which a tree is propagated has nothing to do with its hardiness, and as the peach, like other fruit trees, does not come true from seed, while a known hardy peach may be propagated and still retain its strength and hardiness.

In propagating the Peach, like other fruit trees, the bud is transplanted from one tree to another and the nature of the bud is not changed in the least, nor its hardiness affected.

Therefore, it is best to plant known varieties of peaches rather than trust to seedlings that may be tender as well as worthless in fruit, no matter how hardy or fine the fruit was that the seed came from.

The Peach never makes a very large tree in this latitude and requires very little room, and may be planted as close as from 7 to 8 feet apart. It is a good tree to plant in a young orchard for fillers or nurse trees, to be taken out in a few years.

The following varieties are all good and hardy kinds and well adapted to growing in this latitude. All are

Freestones, except as noted, and of the finest quality. The list is arranged in their order of ripening.

**Price each, 5 to 6 ft., 40c;
Per 10, \$3.50**

BELLE OF GEORGIA—Fruit very large and attractive in color and shape, with a beautiful red cheek; flesh white, firm and delicious. Ripens first half of August. Trees very hardy and prolific. One of the most attractive early peaches.

CHAMPION—Fruit very large and creamy white, with red cheek; ripens early in August. Sweet, juicy, very high flavor. Its extreme hardiness and fine flavor make it one of the favorites.

EARLY CRAWFORD—A magnificent large yellow peach of splendid quality; tree vigorous and hardy. Its fine size, beauty and productiveness make it one of the most popular sorts. Ripens about the first of September.

ELBERTA—Large to very large; yellow, with beautiful blush; firm, a little coarse, but tender and good. While quality is not the highest, it has made more money for the orchardist than any other peach. In all probability no peach has met with equal success in so wide a range of territory as this variety. Season medium early, following closely the early Crawford. Hardier in bud than most kinds, therefore a more uniform cropper.

Cherries • •



Large Montmorency

The Cherry begins to bear when only a few feet in height, and is an annual bearer. The fruit is fine and delicious, and one of the earliest of the tree fruits. And when it comes to cherry pie, "Oh, boy," it can't be beat.

No land owner need to be without this early and wholesome fruit. The trees are absolutely hardy and unusually free from insect pests. There is no fruit that will give as quick and as large returns as the Cherry.

The Oxheart, or Sweet Cherry, does not succeed in this section. We have frequent calls for this valuable kind, and regret very much that they cannot be grown here.

Have tested a number of kinds and offer only the best. Our trees are budded upon the Mahaleb stock, which dwarfs them to some extent, so that the trees do not grow so tall or rapid and do not sprout from the root.

Price, 5 to 6 ft. trees, each 65c; Per 10, \$6.00

EARLY RICHMOND—This is perhaps the most popular and valuable Cherry yet produced. It is very prolific and bears bright red, juicy fruit, rather acid in flavor and unexcelled for cooking. Tree very hardy. Ripens about 10th of June.

LARGE MONTMORENCY—A large and bright red, very attractive Cherry. A very pleasant acid flavor. Ripens about 10 days after the Richmond. The fruit is much sought after on account of its large size and fine flavor.

Plums • •

The Plum being a native fruit, is of the most easy culture and an abundant bearer. There is an endless variety of colors and flavors as well as different times of ripening, extending from the middle of July to late fall.

The fruits are of the finest flavors, and one has only to taste a few kinds until he will be "Plum" crazy.

This is a tree that you can plant as close together as you like, as they seem to do best when planted in thickets, and are usually found growing in this manner in the wild state. No orchard is complete without at least a few plums.

Price, 5 to 7 ft. Trees,
Each 65c; Per 10, \$6.00

Japanese Varieties.

BURBANK—Large, roundish fruit, bright red when ripe. Flesh is yellow, sweet, of excellent quality, and has a pleasant odor. The tree is hardy and bears very freely of this delicious fruit.



Underwood Plum

RED JUNE—One of the best Japanese plums; ripens before the Abundance; fruit good size; brilliant red; one of the best extra early plums.

European Varieties...

DAMSON—A very productive and popular old variety, bearing quantities of medium-sized, tart fruit, dark purple when ripe, covered with a heavy blue "bloom." One of the best plums for canning and preserving. Ripens in September.

FELLENBERG (French or Italian Prune)—A desirable late Plum; oval; freestone. The purple fruit is juicy and delicious, and is excellent for drying. Ripens in September.

GREEN GAGE—A fine, handsome Plum of exceptionally large size. Very desirable in many ways, for home use or market. Fruit greenish in color.

Native or American...

WILD GOOSE—Old and widely planted variety; light red; very early. Season, July 15th.

UNDERWOOD—Considered one of the finest of the Minnesota Hybrids. Originated at the Minnesota Breeding Station. The fruit is an attractive red, large size—larger than any of the American red plums—juicy and sweet. Comes into bearing very young and is a heavy and annual producer. Midseason.

WANETA—Color, a reddish purple; size, about 2 inches in diameter, and of delicious flavor. A variety produced by Professor Hansen at the Minnesota Experimental Station, and is, no doubt, the largest of the native Hybrids. We are listing this excellent variety for the first time, knowing its excellent qualities.

Currants • •

Like all other small fruits, the Currant needs a rich soil and high culture to get the best results. Grown on a poor soil and in a neglected condition, the fruit will be so acid as to be almost unfit for use, while the fruit of the same variety grown under favorable conditions will have a mild and most refreshing flavor. On account of the long season of ripening, which extends from early in May until September, and the many ways it may be used, it should be included in every garden.

CHERRY—Berries sometimes more than half an inch in diameter. Bunches short. Vigorous and productive when grown on good soils and well cultivated. Price, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

WHITE GRAPE—Bush vigorous, somewhat spreading; productive. Clusters long; berries large to very large, averaging large; of very attractive color, mild flavor, and good quality. A good table variety. Price, 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

If desired sent via Parcel Post add 2c each,
or 10c per 10.

Gooseberries • •

One of the valuable native fruits, and of the most easy culture. They will grow and do well in most any situation, and seem to do as well in a fence corner or along the hedge as in a cultivated spot. It is the first fruit from the garden in the spring, and may be had in fresh condition from the bushes till the first of September or later.

Many people are prevented from growing either Gooseberries or Currants on account of the currant-worm that eats the foliage and prevents the fruit from maturing. These pests are the easiest controlled of any of the insects that feed on the foliage of plants and trees. The worms go into the chrysalis state in the ground under the bushes and the eggs are laid on the leaves near the base on the inside of the bush. The small worms commence to feed as soon as the leaves are developed. During their early existence they are not

noticed, but in a few days of warm weather they spread all over the bush and then seem to eat up every leaf in a day. The remedy is to sprinkle the bush with water to which a little Paris-green has been added—just enough to give it a sea-green color—as soon as the leaves are fully grown, and repeat the dose in a week or ten days, to make sure of the worms.

HOUGHTON—An American variety; clear red when fully ripe; very prolific and profitable. Price, 20c each; \$1.75 per 10.

DOWNING—Native variety; fruit large, round, light green with distinct veins; juicy and fine flavored; skin smooth. Bush very productive. Price, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

If desired via Parcel Post, add 2c each
or 12c per 10.

The only possible way to build up a business to last is by honest and square dealing.

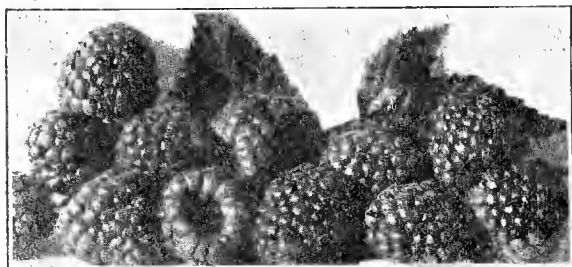
Buy all the fruit the family will use and the expense will be greater than all the other items of food put together.

In buying of us you get trees at first hand that are alive and true to label, and at half the price you pay agents or dealers.

Raspberries • •

The Raspberry is one of the early garden fruits, and of the most easy culture. It may be found growing in a wild state most anywhere along the edge of a grove or thicket, or along the hedges and fences. Being a native, it produces bountifully under cultivation. And the fruit finds a ready sale in the markets at nearly double the price of any other fresh berries.

It is necessary to renew a plantation every few years, as the crowns become old and infested with anthracnose or raspberry scab, causing the fruit to become small and insipid.



Latham Raspberry. The hardiest, as well as the largest, Raspberry grown.

The Red Raspberries, or those that sprout from the root, should be planted closer in the row, and all suckers that come up between the rows should be cut out. This will give more strength and vigor to the growing canes. This class of raspberry requires no pruning further than taking out the dead canes. This has to be done with all raspberries, as the canes only live two seasons; that is, they grow up one year and bear and die the next. All Raspberries like a rich soil, and a top dressing every fall will be highly beneficial.

PLUM FARMER—After growing and testing a large number of Blackcap Raspberries during the past

Blackberries • •

Blackberries require about the same culture as Raspberries and follow them closely in time of ripening. This is a native fruit, and responds readily to high culture. The growing of this very delicious and healthful fruit is attended with so little trouble and expense that no garden should be without at least a small planting. The rows should be from 7 to 8 ft. apart and the new shoots pinched off at the ends when they get about three feet high, which will give short and stocky bushes that will stand up under a load of fruit. We have grown berries for the market for more than 45 years, and find the following kinds most reliable in this latitude.

Grapes • •

The vines we have to offer are all two-year-old, grown from cuttings taken from bearing vines, and are first-class in every particular.

The fruit of the Grape has greatly increased in popularity since the Volstead Act was established. It may be that the "booze fighter" has found that the fruit of the vine, when properly aged, will take the hair off his teeth without knocking both eyes out.

The fruit of the Grape has been very popular with the human race ever since our Great Grandfather Noah planted that memorable vineyard after the great flood, being one of the oldest mentioned fruits in Sacred History. It is the most wholesome of all the fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses.

There is no fruit that will grow and take care of itself as will the grape if given a start. It will climb over any other tree or building that it can get hold of, and the higher it climbs, the better flavor its fruit. And there is no fruit that will yield a richer harvest if given proper care and pruning.

There are a number of different varieties with various flavors and time of ripening, so one can have them fresh from the vines from August to October. The kinds offered are all well known standard varieties and fully tested for hardiness and bearing qualities in this region.

Grape Vines may be sent cheaply and quickly via Parcel Post, and where this mode of delivery is desired the exact amount of postage required will be given on request. Ten cents will pay postage on ten vines in the first and second zones.

One Year Tips; \$3.50 per 100

years, we find that this variety is far ahead of any in its class. The fruit is black and large, with a rich flavor, and the canes are exceptionally free from disease, and is a vigorous grower. The crop is all ripened within a few days, making it a valuable market sort. We are now growing only this variety of Blackcap. Two-year transplants, bearing age. Price per 10, 75c; per 100, \$5.50; per 1000, \$40.00.

COLUMBIAN—A Redcap, called by some Purplecaps. A red variety that does not sprout from the root, and the fruit is borne in clusters same as the blackcaps. Fruit very large and flavor of the reds, and one of the hardiest and most popular of this class of raspberries. Price per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$7.50; Tips, \$5.00 per 100.

Red Raspberries...

Those that sprout from the root.

CUTHBERT—A very reliable variety, vigorous and productive. Berries large oblong, deep rich red, of highest quality. One of the oldest and best known of the red varieties. Price per 10, 50c; per 100, \$3.50.

LATHAM—After growing this variety, we find it to be the largest and finest red berry we have ever had on our grounds. It originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm, and is now recognized as the best of all the reds. It was first sent out as Minnesota No. 4. It is of extraordinary large size, bright red color and excellent flavor, and the fruiting season lasts over six weeks. While most of the red raspberries are inclined to winter-kill at times, this variety has proven extremely hardy in the far north. The large size, fine flavor and hardiness puts it ahead of any kind yet introduced. The canes are very strong and sturdy and stand up well. Price each 5c; per 10, 40c; per 100, \$3.50.

ST. REGIS—Fruit commences to ripen with the earliest and continuing on young canes until October, many quarts often being picked after the first snow falls. Berries bright crimson, large size, rich, sugary with full raspberry flavor; flesh firm and meaty. Per 10, 75c; per 100, \$3.50.

If desired via Parcel Post, add 2c each,
8c per 10, or 12c per 100.

SNYDER—The standard Blackberry for the north. Canes reddish brown, stocky, hardy, and very productive. Berries medium to large, round, firm and of good quality. Valuable for home use and market. Price per 10, 75c; per 100, \$5.00.

ELDORADO—A jet black variety of excellent flavor. Fruit oblong, juicy and sweet. Very popular throughout the north and northwest. Price per 10, 75c; per 100, \$4.00.

If desired via Parcel Post, add 8c per 10,
or 12c per 100.

Strong, Two-Year Vines.

AGAWAM—Bunches large, compact, shouldered; berry large dark red; flesh tender, juicy, vinous, and good quality. One of the best of the red grapes. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

CONCORD—The fine old market leader, with handsome clusters of large and luscious fruit. Color a purplish black and of a most excellent flavor. Entirely hardy and productive; succeeds over a very great extent of country. One of the best known grapes and the one that all other varieties are compared with. The grape for the million. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.25.

MOORE'S EARLY—Excellent hardy variety, bearing very large berries with a heavy blue bloom. Valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Ripens from 2 to 3 weeks ahead of the Concord. Price, each 25c. per 10, \$2.00.

VERGENNES (Red)—Bunch medium to large, not often shouldered, compact; skin very thick and firm; flesh sweet, juicy; quality best. An excellent keeper. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.75.

NIAGARA (White)—A popular commercial sort. Berries and bunches are large; greenish-white in color, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Quality excellent. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

If desired sent Parcel Post, add 2c per vine,
or 8c for 10 vines.

11 GROUP PLANTINGS AT SPECIAL LOW PRICES

WINDBREAK

Choice of
40 Norway Spruce, 2 to 3 ft.
or 40 American Arborvitae,
5 to 6 ft.

Try to
duplicate
this offer.

\$30.00

SCREEN

for back of lot line
7 Lombardy Poplars, 8 to 10 feet.
Fine for Landscape effect

The lot for..... **\$3.75**

EVERGREENS for Foundation Planting

- 2 American Arborvitae—5 feet.
- 1 Globe Arborvitae—12 to 15-inch.
- 2 Savin Junipers (Spreaders)—2 to 3 feet.
- 1 Pyramidalis Arborvitae—4 to 5 feet.

This planting will make your home look like the money.

Total Value	EXTRA
Regular	SPECIAL
Price	\$7.50
\$11.00	

ROSE GARDEN COLLECTION—VERY CHOICE

- 1 PINK RADIANCE
- 1 GROOTENDORST
- 1 F. K. DRUSCHKI
- 1 RED RADIANCE
- 1 LADY HILLINGTON
- 1 CRIMSON RAMBLER
- 1 GEN. JACK
- 1 ELLEN POULSON

Something every-
body will enjoy

Complete for
Only
\$2.85

ORCHARD GROUP

For Small Family

- 4 Apple Trees (Choice of Variety)
- 1 Kieffer Pear
- 1 Dwarf Duchess or Seckle
- 2 Elberta Peach

ALL FOR **\$3.90**

Handy for the cook.

50 Foot SCREEN OF BEAUTIFUL HEDGE

Why not screen that ugly alley or the
Neighbor's junk pile.

20 Spirea Van Houtii, 4 to 5 ft. high,
heavy plants.

Our Regular Price.....\$4.00

NOW ONLY **\$2.50**

GARDEN GROUP

For Small Family

- 10 Asparagus Plants
- 50 Dunlap Strawberry Plants
- 5 Currant Bushes
- 5 Gooseberry Bushes
- 5 Rhubarb

WHILE THEY LAST (for lot)..... **\$2.75**
Why give the chain stores your change.

PORCH PLANTING

To brighten the Front Yard because it is
where you live.

- 1 Hall's Honeysuckle Vine
- 6 Spirea Van Houtii, 4 to 5 ft.
- 5 Japanese Barberry, 18 to 24".

LOOK **\$2.75**

OLD FASHIONED GARDEN (Perennials)

- | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| 2 Shasta Daisy | 2 Peony | 2 Gallardia |
| 2 Hollyhocks | 2 Coreopsis | 2 Phlox |
| 2 Delphineums | 2 Oriental Poppy | 2 Lemon Lily |
- The above list is perfectly hardy and easy to
grow. You will enjoy their beauty.

The Entire Group for only..... **\$2.75**

ROCK GARDEN PLANTING

- 1 Irish Juniper, 18 to 24 inches.
- 1 Globe Evergreen, 10 to 12 inches.
- 1 Pyramidalis Arborvitae, 2 ft.
- 1 Trailing Juniper, 18 to 24 inches.
- 12 Rock Plants in variety.

This beautiful collection
COMPLETE **\$3.75**

POOL BACKGROUND PLANTING

Just what you've wanted

- 2 Hemlock Spruce. 4 to 5 ft.
- 2 Scotch Pine, 3 to 4 ft.
- 2 American Arborvitae, 3 to 4 ft.
- 2 Globe Evergreens, 12 to 16 inches.

Regular \$15.00 Value
NOW JUST **\$10.00**

Strawberries • •

Strawberries will produce more fruit to the square rod and in less time than any other fruit we can grow. They grow wild in every section of the country from Alaska to Florida. It has always been a mystery to me why so many people do not raise this most refreshing and early fruit. A few square rods will produce all that one family can possibly use.

Put out a planting and see how your neighbors and friends will love you. This alone is worth the bother and expense of growing a patch.

Altho plants may be set most any time of the season, the best time is early spring. Setting after the plants have made a considerable growth makes it more difficult to get a stand.

However, Strawberries may be transplanted at any time during the summer and fall. If the weather is hot and dry, by the proper shading and watering a bed can be established. Still early spring is the best.

Our Soil is especially suited to the development of Strawberry plants, and our plants are much larger than are usually sent out. Our stock is cultivated entirely for the production of plants, which are kept pure, carefully graded, handled and packed.

**Price, per bunch of 25 plants, 40c;
Per 100, 75c; Per 1000, \$6.00**

PREMIER P—This is the most popular early strawberry of the day. The berries are very large, long pointed, light red in color and present a good appearance in the basket and in market. No other early strawberry is anything near equal to it in productiveness.

HAVERLAND—Early to mid-season: extra large pointed berry of bright red color and excellent flavor, a splendid kind for home use.

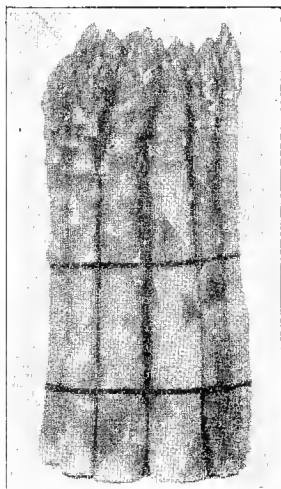
DUNLAP—A perfect-flowered variety that fruits without being planted with other kinds. Is proving to be the most valuable Strawberry yet introduced, and is now planted all over the United States, and is a favorite everywhere. The berries are very large, bright red, well formed and highly flavored. Being a great plant producer, it does not require as many plants to set a row as other kinds.

AROMA—Very late kind, and planted as a market variety over a large part of the central west; has been especially popular in Tennessee, Arkansas and Missouri. This late variety extends the berry season more than a week. The supreme quality of the berries, of undecipherably rich and pleasant aroma, commands the admiration of all.

MASTODON (Everbearing variety)—A lately introduced Everbearing variety of very large size and excellent flavor. We have tested this new variety and find it the best of this class. With us it produced a good crop of large berries right through the hottest and driest part of the summer. It commences to fruit at the same time as other kinds and continues throughout the entire season until freezing weather. A very shy plant producer, and should be planted closer than other kinds. Plants should be set about 16 inches apart each way, as they do not spread much. The past season we enjoyed fresh berries from our Mastodon plants from August until into November. Price per 25 plants, 75c; per 100 \$2.00.

Fall Prices 33-1/3% Higher

Garden Roots • •



ASPARAGUS—The earliest vegetable from the garden, and of the easiest culture. Most wholesome and palatable. A planting once established will grow and pro-

duce indefinitely with the least attention. It used to be the practice years ago to dig a deep trench and place manure in the bottom, planting the roots above. This has been found to be a failure, so far as benefit to the roots is concerned. The Asparagus is a shallow rooted plant and prefers a rich soil. And as all plants take their food in a liquid form, the manure should be placed in the soil above the roots so that the leaching from the manure will come in contact with the roots. In order to get large and tender spears the plants must have plenty of manure. In setting out the plants, place the roots in a furrow about the same as you do potatoes, and no deeper. And mulch each fall with manure, which should be forked into the soil in the early spring. Price, strong roots, per 10, 35c; per 100, \$2.00.

If desired sent via Parcel Post, add 8c per 10,
or 12c per 100.

RHUBARB—The earliest sauce from the garden, and on account of its coming when fresh fruit is scarce, it is very much sought after. It is very easy to grow and may be planted either in the fall or spring, and will produce for years without the least of attention. It is healthful and appetizing both in pies or sauce. And can be cut any time from early spring until late fall. Price, strong roots, extra early variety, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

If desired sent via Parcel Post, add 8c each,
or 12c per 10.

Greenhouse Department • •

We are located in the country, far away from the gas and smoke of the city, and you will find our plants clean and healthy.

This is a very popular Department of **The HOME NURSERY**, and we are growing all the very best and most desirable Bedding Plants, and in such large quantities that we are able to offer them at a much lower price than you can buy in or near the cities, and you will find we have the best up-to-date strains of each particular kind offered. Be sure and include your plant order with your nursery order.

NOTE—Bedding Plants do not go out until the middle or last of May in this latitude, on account of danger from frosts. However, you should include these with your Nursery order to be shipped at the proper time for planting out in the open. You are then assured of getting varieties you want, if ordered early. Often we are entirely sold out of some kinds of popular bedding plants early in the planting season. Play safe and order early. Stock will be sent at proper time, or any time you wish.

Bedding Plants...

	Pot, Inch	Each	Doz.
Ageratum —Dwarf, blue, fine for edging—	2	\$.10	\$.60
Alternanthera (Joseph's Coat) —Three colors, red, pink or yellow. Fine for edging or cemetery planting—	2	.10	.60
Alyssum (Little Gem) —Dwarf, making a carpet of white all summer—	2	.05	.50
Asters —In all leading colors. Our plants are grown from the best seed obtainable, in named varieties of Comet and branching types. From early to late kinds—	2	.10	.60
Cannas —We are growing only the large orchid-flowering varieties and the very best of their colors— Mrs. Alfred Conrad—Salmon-pink, green leaves.			

Greenhouse Department—Continued

Bedding Plants—Continued

	Pot, Inch	Each	Doz.		Pot, Inch	Each	Doz.
King Humbert—Orange-scarlet, bronze leaves.				Salpiglossis—The blossoms are tube-shaped much like a Petunia, but rivaling the latter in the beautiful colors displayed. The distinct colors are marbled and penciled, many having the appearance of being sprinkled with gold dust. Blooms from early August to frost. Flowers long stemmed and last well in water.	2	.10	.60
Ambassador—Same as the above, but with bright scarlet flowers.				Snapdragon—Best named kinds. Red, yellow, white, pink, apricot, salmon or blush	2	.10	.60
The President—Scarlet, very large and showy, green leaves.				Verbenas—Red or mixed colors. Always in bloom	2	.10	.60
Yellow King Humbert—Deep yellow, spotted red, green leaves.				Vinca—Vine with variegated, green and white leaves; the very best for hanging baskets or boxes	3	.15	1.50
Any of above varieties, well established in pots	3	.20	2.00	Vinca Rosea (Periwinkle)—Waxy foliage, pink and white flowers; very satisfactory	2	.10	1.00
Coleus (foliage Plants)—Finest assorted colors	2	.10	1.00	Zinnia—Bodger's true strain of Giant Dahlia-flowered	2	.10	.60
Centaurea (Dusty Miller)—Fine for borders or in window boxes; leaves fern-like, of silvery-gray color	3	.15	1.50				
Dracaena Indivisa—Long, narrow, green leaves, palm-like. Suitable for center plant in baskets, vases or boxes	4	.25	---				
Ferns—							
(Boston)—Large specimen plants	6	1.50	---				
Asparagus Plumosa—Fine feathery leaves	3	.15	---				
Asparagus Sprengeri—Valuable for hanging baskets and window boxes	3	.15	1.50				
Geraniums—Assorted colors in the newest and best kinds (3-in. 15c each; doz. \$1.50)	4	.25	2.50				
Gladiolus (Bulbs)—Best up-to-date, large-flowering, all colors, 12 different kinds		.10	.75				
Heliotrope—Dark blue, very fragrant, always in bloom. Should be in every garden	3	.15	1.50				
Ivy (Parlor Ivy)—Fine for baskets or boxes	3	.15	1.50				
Lantana—A shrubby plant; verbenalike flowers; perpetual bloom. Varieties, red, pink or orange	3	.15	1.50				
Moon Vine—Large, white, fragrant flowers; rapid grower	3	.20	2.00				
Pansy—Grown from seed of Steel's Mastodon—the best and largest strain of Pansies we know of	2	.10	.50				
Pelargoniums (Martha Washington Geranium)—Four different ever-blooming kinds	4	.35	---				
Petunias—One of the most satisfactory blooming plants we have. Will make a solid mass of color throughout the summer. Only the best kinds, viz.:							
Rosy Morn—Pink.							
Blue—A good color to plant with above.							
Diener's Ruffled Giant.							
Star and Large Doubles.							
Separate colors	2	.10	.60				
Blooming size	3	.15	1.50				
Phlox Drummondii—Very showy, in a great variety of colors. Blooms continually till frost. Very dwarf grower, making a neat border	2	.10	.60				
Salvia (Scarlet Sage)—Very best kind	2	.10	.75				
Scabiosa—Flowers are of compact, round shape; long stems; makes ideal cut flower. Blooms from July until frost. All colors	2	.10	.60				

Vegetable Plants...

NOTE.—We specialize on Vegetable Plants, and have only the very best varieties of each kind. The plants we offer are from the highest class, improved seed, and are absolutely the best. Place your order early. Cabbage and Cauliflower will be ready and may be planted in the open as early as the ground can be worked, or by the middle of April. All other vegetable plants on our list will not be ready nor should be planted before the middle or last of May, unless protected from frosts for this latitude, farther south they may be planted from one to two weeks earlier.

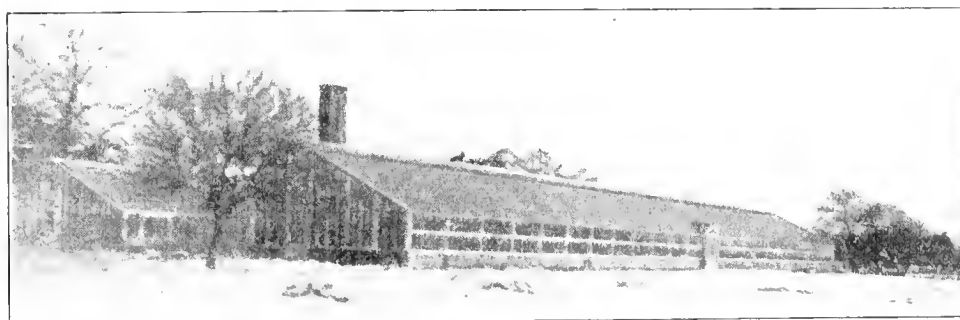
	Doz.
Cauliflower	\$.20
Pepper—Mangoes and Pimentos	.20
Cabbage—Early Jersey Wakefield	.10
Cabbage—Danish Baldhead (late)	.10
Celery—June 1st (Per 100, \$1.00)	.20
Eggplant—Purple (potted)	.60
Tomatoes—Bonny Best (Improved Earliana)	.15
Tomatoes—Bonny Best (Improved Earliana), transplants	.25
Tomatoes—Bonny Best (Improved Earliana), potted plants	.75
Tomatoes—Ponderosa and Stones for main crop	.15
Tomatoes—Ponderosa and Stones for main crop, transplants	.25

The planting of flowers to decorate the home has grown by leaps and bounds the past few years, and there are but few homes that do not have their Flower Gardens.

There is a helpful influence that cannot be estimated upon the entire household where there are an abundance of beautiful flowers. Their fragrance and beauty not only give happiness, but have a moral influence as well.

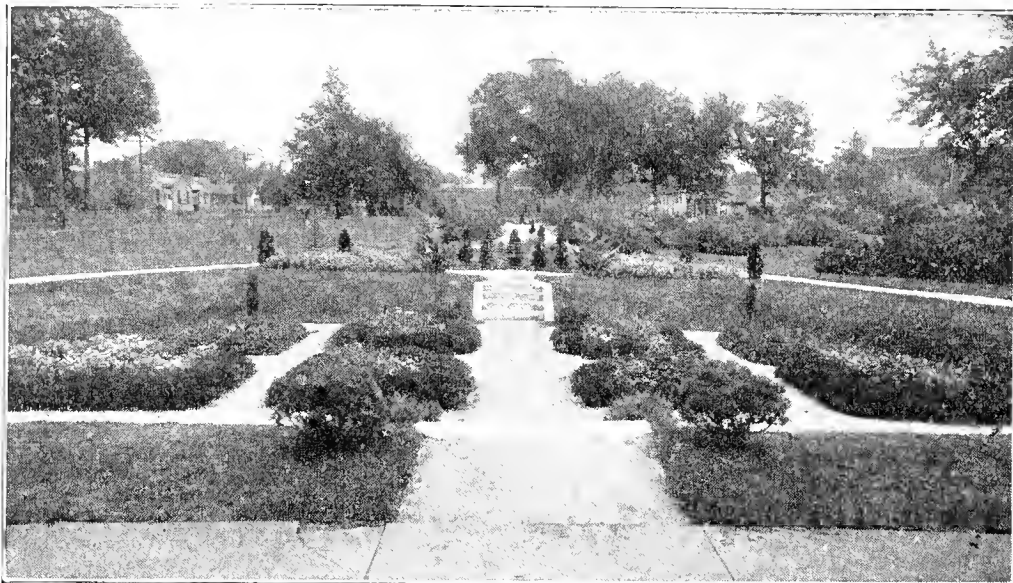
Those who have the best interests of their family at heart will not neglect to have a generous planting of flowers that will give them bloom the entire season.

Be sure and order your **BEDDING and VEGETABLE PLANTS** Early and Save Regrets.



Partial view of The Home Nursery Greenhouses, where all kinds of bedding and ornamental plants are grown, and where large quantities of rare and choice evergreens are propagated.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs • •



A Public Park, designed and planted by the Home Nursery Landscape Service.

Nature is always bounteous in her gifts to man and has been unstinted in giving us a great wealth of shrubs with their perfume and flowers, with their varied colored foliage and bright fruit. No one with home grounds either large or small should be without enjoyment of these wonderful gifts. Who can measure the uplifting influence they have upon those who are enraptured by their beauty and fragrance!

They require but little care when once established, and grow in size and beauty each year. They are very effective for screens, borders and for grouping on the lawn. There may be had a succession of bloom the entire season by planting the various kinds, and many will hang with highly colored fruit during the fall and winter.

There is scarcely a home in country, suburb or town, the beauty and value of which cannot be enhanced by a judicious planting of the grounds, be they large or small; and for this purpose there is no class of plants that lend themselves more readily than the hardy flowering shrubs. In this part of the west their importance has only begun to be appreciated.

To meet this demand we have added a number of desirable hardy flowering and ornamental-leaved varieties to our list of shrubs.

ARALIA PENTAPHYLLA (Five-Leaved Aralia)—Of compact, graceful outline, with bright green and shining foliage, attaining a height from 5 to 7 feet. Produces a luxuriant glossy foliage effect. Well adapted to dark, shady places, where other shrubs fail. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ARALIA SPINOSA (Hercules Club)—Upright growing shrub or small tree with handsome cut leaves 2 to 3 feet long, giving a tropical effect. Flowers white, in enormous clusters in August. A very odd tropical-looking shrub. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

AMYGDALUS (Flowering Almond)—Very early spring flowering shrub, gaily in bloom before the leaves appear. On account of the bright pink color of the bloom, it is one of the most attractive of the extra early spring-flowering shrubs. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ALPINE CURRANT—A very hardy shrub of dense habit, unfolding very early its bright green foliage, adorned in summer and autumn with bright scarlet berries; it is one of the best shrubs to plant as undergrowth or in shady places. Well adapted to hedging and stands any amount of shearing and shows no shear marks. Makes an ideal solid hedge and holds its

foliage until late in the fall. Makes a dense, round, conical bush when grown as a specimen. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$25.00.

FLOWERING CURRANT (Ribes Odoratum)—A handsome shrub with yellow, very fragrant flowers appearing with the leaves in early spring. An old-fashioned shrub, popular in Grandmother's day. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)—Upright growing shrub noted for its profusion of large blooms, much like the tender Hibiscus, blooming late in August until October. Should be planted in a somewhat protected situation in this latitude. Although it sometimes kills back by the winter, the bloom is produced on the new growth and always has an abundance of bright colored flowers. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.



Flowering Almond, (Amygdalus), Home Nursery Grounds.

Remember, we visit grounds, either private or public, and give suggestions for beautifying with shrubs and plants. Owing to our immense stock of ornamentals, we are able to make very low prices on quantity. Correspondence invited.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs—Continued

BERBERIS THUNBERGIA (Japan Barberry)—There is no shrub in existence so generally planted or more practical for all purposes where beautiful foliage effect is desired than this. It is dwarf growing, uniformly bushy and rounded form, susceptible to formal pruning, with small, numerous leaves densely covering the thorny twigs. These give it paramount importance for use as edging for shrubbery groups; as a foundation screen in front of porches, and, above all, as a compact, impassable, hardy, low hedge for confining lawns or dividing properties. Autumn paints the foliage crimson-scarlet and bronze, and studs the branches with crimson fruit which hangs on all winter. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$1.75; per 100, \$15.00.

RED LEAF BARBERRY (*Atropurpurea*)—A shrub of medium height, with distinctly red foliage. An exact reproduction of the Japan Barberry in leaf and fruit formation. The scarlet berries persist throughout the winter. A valuable plant to give color in landscape work. Needs sunny exposure to retain the red leaf. Price, strong 2-year plants, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)—One of the most desirable summer flowering shrubs, beginning to bloom in July, it continues until cut by frost. The flowers are of a pleasing shade of violet-mauve and borne in dense cylindrical spikes from 12 to 15 inches in length by 3 inches in diameter. It succeeds everywhere and flowers the first season. Very fragrant, attractive to butterflies, hence its name. Semi-herbaceous, as it usually kills down during the winter, but springs from the root four or five feet in height and blooms full. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet-Scented Shrub)—Old-fashioned Allspice; upright habit, with glossy leaves and chocolate-colored flowers, with fragrance of the strawberry. The wood and leaves have a very pleasant, spicy fragrance. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

COTONEASTER ACUTIFOLIA—A beautiful hardy shrub of recent introduction from Northern China, with spreading, slender branches and beautiful dark-green foliage persistent until into the winter. Very ornamental for hedging, shears well, and its beautiful persistent foliage makes it most valuable for this purpose. Each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Cornus (The Osier Dogwood or Cornel)

The Dogwoods are a wonderful group of highly ornamental shrubs, thriving in almost any soil, sun or shade, growing to a height of from 5 to 8 feet, and having the continuous ornamental qualities of white flowers in summer, bright foliage in fall, and bright colored twigs and berries in winter, which attract many desirable birds. Note the following varieties:

CORNUS PANICULATA (Gray Dogwood)—Shrub with rather upright and compact growth, showing a profusion of white flowers in June. Berries white, on noticeably red stems, which hang on late in the fall. Attractive to desirable birds. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

CORNUS LUTEA (Yellow Branched Dogwood)—Green foliage; a shrub of medium size with bright yellow

bark in the winter. Fine for contrasting with other Shrubs in mass planting. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

CORNUS SIBERICA (Red Osier)—Similar to the above, but with blood-red branches in winter and early spring. Fruit bright blue and flowers white. This variety is used a great deal in mass planting for the color effect it gives during winter and spring. Attractive to desirable birds. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

CORNUS SERICA (Silky Dogwood)—Usually dwarf-growing with silky leaves and dense cymes of greenish white flowers in early summer, with purplish branches and light blue fruit during winter. Very hardy and desirable shrub. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS (Button Bush)—Hardy ornamental shrub with handsome glossy foliage and very attractive flower balls appearing late in the summer. In flower after most other shrubs are out of bloom. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

CRETEAGUS CRUS-GALLI (Cockspur Thorne)—Native shrub or small tree with white blossoms and showy red fruit in the fall and early winter. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

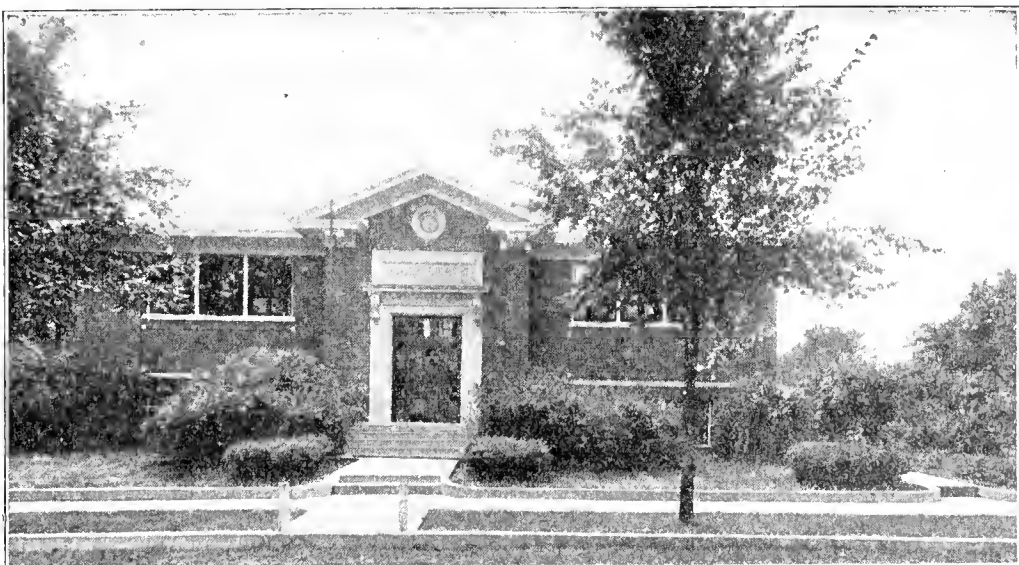
CYDONIA JAPONICA (Japan Quince)—Old-fashioned shrub with glossy leaves and scarlet flowers in great profusion in early spring before the leaves come out and followed by small quince-shaped fruit, which are quite fragrant. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Deutzias...



Weigelia Gracilis—pure white bloom.

DEUTZIA GRACILIS (Dwarf Deutzia)—A dwarf, low-growing bush, never taller than 3 feet. Is covered very early in the spring with pure white bell-shaped flowers. Very desirable where a low-growing shrub is wanted. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.



Public Library Grounds, designed and planted by the Home Nursery Landscape Service.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs—Continued

DEUTZIA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—Extremely ornamental and graceful shrub, producing an abundance of double white flowers along the full length of the branches in June. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Evonymous...

EVONYMOUS AMERICANA (Indian Wahoo)—Native shrub with greenish branches of upright growth, bearing small white flowers in early spring and full of showy fruit of rose color with scarlet seed coat, which hangs on during the winter. The bright color of the fruit gives it the name of strawberry bush. Called Wahoo by the Indians. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

EVONYMOUS ALATUS (Japanese Evonymous)—Dwarf compact habit; wood very corky, which gives it the name of cork-barked Evonymous. Small delicate flowers in late spring, followed by very bright red berries in the fall. Foliage turns to a brilliant red in the fall. One of the finest shrubs for autumn effect. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$1.00.

ELEAGNUS ANGUSTIFOLIA (Russian Olive)—Rather large growing shrub with silvery foliage, about the color of the Dusty Miller. Fine for planting in contrast with other shrubs. Has fragrant yellow flowers in June, followed by yellow fruit. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Forsythias...

FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA (Golden Bell)—One of the most desirable for foundation planting or border, being very graceful in habit and adapting itself to almost any soil or situation. Flowers yellow and bell-shaped, bloom along the entire length of the branches in early spring before the leaves appear. This is the earliest shrub we have to bloom in the spring. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

FORSYTHIA SUSPENSA (Drooping Golden Bell)—Drooping or trailing variety of the above. Fine for shrub borders or covering banks and terraces. Has dense dark-green foliage. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$2.50.

Honeysuckles...

HONEYSUCKLE TARTARIAN—Tall, bushy shrub, with pink flowers in spring, followed by red or orange-colored berries. Attains a height of from 8 to 10 feet. Its dense foliage and rank growth makes it one of the best for screen planting. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

HONEYSUCKLE MORROWI (Japanese Bush Honeysuckle)—Wide-spreading branches growing from 4 to 6 feet in height; color of foliage a bluish-green. Flowers white, changing to yellow; fruit bright red, attractive to desirable birds. The branches drooping gracefully to the ground, making it suitable for foundation planting as well as front of shrubs. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

HONEYSUCKLE RED TARTARIAN—Grows to a height of 8 to 10 feet with upright, somewhat spreading branches and upright green foliage. The flowers are borne freely in May and June, are of a bright red color, followed by showy red berries, which ripen in mid-summer and cling to the bushes for several weeks. One of the best shrubs for northern latitudes, as it stands severe winters. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

PUSSY WILLOW (*Salix Discolor*)—A quick-growing shrub or small tree, blooming very early in the spring before the leaves come out. The fern-like catkins borne along the branches makes it very attractive. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

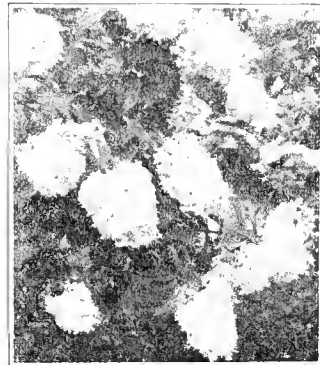
KERRIA, WHITE—Handsome shrub usually 4 to 5 feet high, native of Japan, with beautiful yellowish-green corrugated leaves, and large single white flowers late in May and occasionally throughout the summer. Well adapted for foundation and in front of shrubbery plantings. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

KERRIA, YELLOW—Same as above, only the bloom is a double yellow and blooms all summer. A splendid new shrub. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Hydrangeas...

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)—Medium sized shrub of 4 to 5 feet. The flowers are in a large way similar to the old and familiar Snowball in appearance, conspicuously white and imposing, blooming throughout the season. They are excellent for solid low borders or foundation planting, does well in shade. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA (Hardy Hydrangea)—A well known hardy shrub that blooms from August until late fall. The blooms are first white, then turn pink on the exposed side, and finally

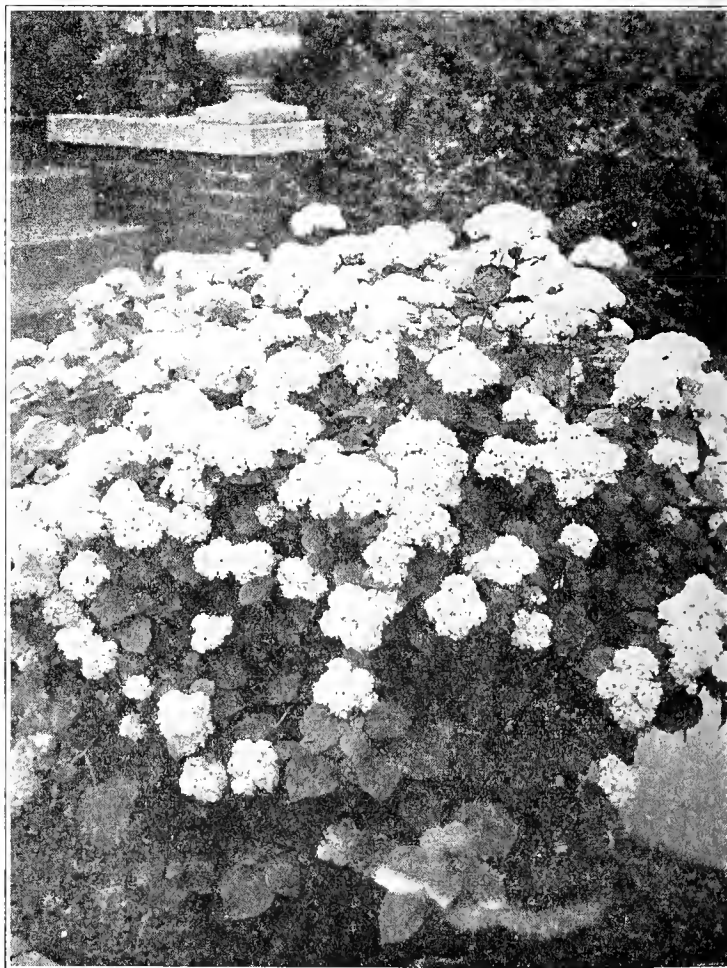


Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora—Hardy Hydrangea, blooms from mid-summer until late Fall.

a greenish-white in the late fall and hang on all winter. It produces the largest flower heads of any of the shrubs. Allowed to grow naturally, it assumes stately proportions, reaching a height of 7 to 8 feet, and during the hot months is covered with its pyramidal panicles, drooping gracefully of their own weight. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Philadelphus...

PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS (Syringa or Mock Orange)—Old-fashioned shrub with vigorous, erect habit and highly scented white flowers. The breath of orange blossoms—of such entrancing fragrance—intense from the multitude of bloom, that it is a necessity to a garden, and works splendidly in all sorts of plantings. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

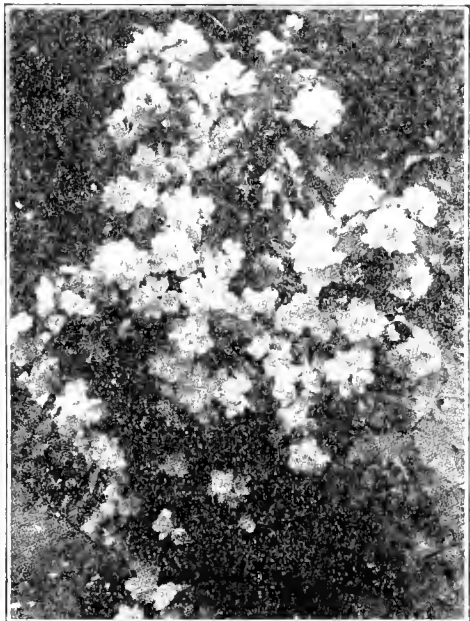


Hydrangea Arborescens, (Hill of Snow), Home Nursery Grounds

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs—Continued

Philadelphus—Continued

PHILADELPHUS GRANDIFLORA—Similar to the above, with more vigorous growth and larger flowers. The Syringas are valuable for grouping with other shrubs, forming large screens or hedges, which may not require pruning, and also fine for planting for lawn specimens. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.



Philadelphus Virginalis

PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS—A magnificent new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form; unusually large double bloom, pure white, sweetly scented, in clusters of five to seven, resembling a bride's bouquet of orange blossoms, and ranking among the best for cutting. Flowers in June and continues over a long period. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

Privet...

PRIVET, AMOUR RIVER—Well known formal hedge plant for shearing; resembles the California Privet, but is much hardier and best for this latitude. The privets are not particular as to soil and they grow rapidly in open places or beneath the shade of trees. They are seldom attacked by insects, withstand shearing and can be kept at any height or clipped into artificial shape. Price, 2 to 3 ft., per 10, \$1.00; per 100, \$8.00.

LODENSE PRIVET—A dwarf with compact, very dark green foliage which stays on throughout the winter—suitable for edging around gardens, but exceptionally adapted for corner plantings, and with evergreens. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00; per 100, \$15.00.

REGAL'S PRIVET—A low-spreading form with gracefully drooping branches, adapted to much the same use as the Japanese Barberry. The dense growth and dark green persistent leaves make it a desirable shrub for foundation or border planting, growing in shade and other impossible places. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$25.00.

PRUNIS CISTENA—(A New Purple Leaf Plum)—A native of China. In the sunlight the general effect is a bright red, for the foliage has more red than ordinary varieties while the growth is more compact and lower. Fine for single specimen or for grouping with other trees or shrubs. Holds its red color throughout the season. Price, each 40c; per 10 \$3.50.

RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES—(White Kerria). An attractive rounded shrub 3 to 6 feet high, with beautiful yellowish green corrugated foliage and large, single white flowers late in May, black seeds following. Will endure partial shade. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

RHAMNUS FRANGULA—(Buckthorn). A handsome shrub with shining foliage and attractive berries. Attaining a height of 10 to 12 feet. Makes very dense growth when sheared and is most valuable where a large hedge is desired. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Rosa (Shrub Roses)...

The following group of Roses consists of hardy, vigorous varieties that require very little attention or pruning. Fine for the border or naturalistic groups, producing a profusion of single blooms, followed by a wealth of bright colored fruit that prolongs their beauty well into the winter months. For garden varieties see page 26.

ROSA BLANDA (Meadow Rose)—Single pink flowers, erect habit, with slender reddish-purple branches, almost thornless. Especially adapted for mass planting. Red bark conspicuous in winter. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

ROSA NITIDA (Dwarf Prickly Swamp Rose)—Low shrub with glossy foliage and single pink flowers, followed by bright colored fruit that hangs on into the winter. A very hardy and desirable shrub. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

ROSA RUGOSA (Japanese Wrinkled Rose)—A valuable, perfectly hardy Rose much used in landscape work, growing equally well in sun or shade. The heavy wood and shrubby formation adapting it to hedges and hardy borders or to mixed shrubby groups. The foliage is lustrous, dark green, usually corrugated and impervious to attacks of insect pests. Flowers borne in clusters of varying size and construction and are succeeded in winter by persistent fruit which are large and showy. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ROSA SETIGERA (Illinois Prairie Rose)—A native climbing rose found growing wild throughout Central Illinois. Large single flowers borne in clusters, color a bright rosy-pink. Useful for massing in picturesque hillside brambles, as borders to wildwood drives, as filling for dead corners, and with equal harmony, as a congenial mixer with shrubs and in single specimens. The foliage is extremely free from any defects and of a rich dark green. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Rhus (Sumac)...

RHUS GLABRA (Smooth Sumac)—A large native shrub with branches taking the shape of stag horns. A highly ornamental shrub of wonderful foliage and brilliant fall colorings. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

RHUS TYPHINA LACINIATA (Cut-Leaved Sumac)—Similar in growth to the preceding, but having finely cut leaves resembling fern leaves, which turn to brilliant orange and scarlet in the fall. Very popular for screen planting or massing with other shrubs. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

RHUS COPALLINA (Upland or Shining Sumac)—Grows to 5 or 6 ft. tall, with very glossy foliage which turns in fall from bronze color to bright scarlet. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Sambucus (Elder)...

SAMBUCUS AUREA (Golden Elder)—Its golden-yellow leaves contrast beautifully with other shrubs. Flowers white, in flat-topped cymes. Grows naturally 8 to 10 feet, but can be pruned into a neat, compact little bush. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

SAMBUCUS LACINIATA (Cut-Leaved Elder)—Similar to the common Wild Elder, but with finely cut foliage, making a very desirable, handsome shrub. Produces handsome cymes of delicate white, fragrant flowers in June and July, followed by large clusters of black fruit. Splendid for massing with other shrubs. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Spirea (Bridal Wreath)...

Large family of shrubs of refined, graceful habits, suitable to plant in almost any situation. The great abundance of blossoms and variation of color and season of bloom make them very popular and as widely planted as any group of shrubs under cultivation. Varieties as follows:

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER—Low-growing type of very compact, dense habit, with flat-topped clusters of rose-colored flowers throughout the season. Fine for planting singly where a low, formal shrub is wanted and also well adapted for planting in front of larger shrubs or for foundation planting. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

SPIREA ARGUTA—One of the finest of the early spring blooming shrubs, of light, slender growth of somewhat drooping habit; foliage deep green; flowers minute, pure white. Medium size shrub. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs—Continued

Spirea (Bridal Wreath)—Continued

SPIREA BILLARDI—Upright-growing, from 3 to 4 feet high, with long dense spikes of pink flowers in late spring and occasionally throughout the summer. Flowers fine for bouquets. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

SPIREA FROEBELI (Froebel's Spirea)—Compact shrub of medium height, producing numerous flat-topped clusters of dark pink flowers in late spring and summer. Splendid foliage, especially during the late autumn. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

SPIREA DOUGLASI—One of the best of the summer-flowering Spireas. Medium sized, with immense terminal spikes of deep rose-colored flowers. A very desirable variety suitable for planting singly or with other shrubs. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA (Ninebark)—Tall, vigorous shrub, attaining a height of from 8 to 10 feet and covered with flat clusters of white flowers in June, which later turn to pink, followed by attractive seed pods. Very ornamental for large screen planting or for lawn specimens. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA AUREA (Golden Ninebark)—Similar to the preceding, except it has bright golden foliage, especially early in the summer. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

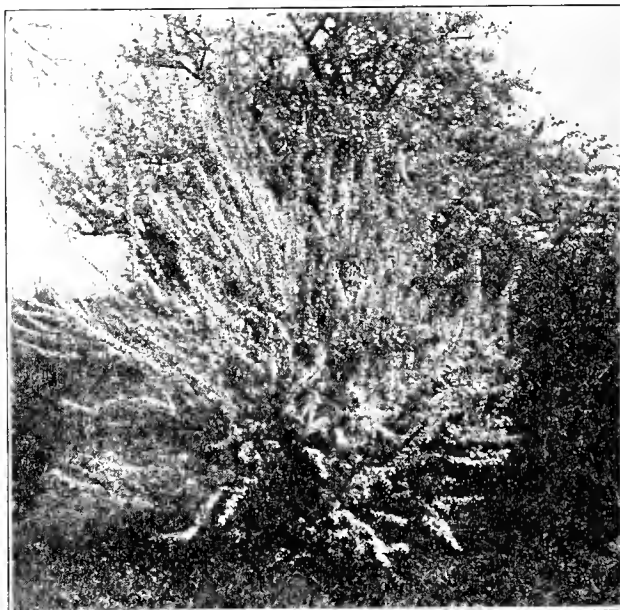
SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (Plum-Leaved Spirea)—Shrub of rather stiff, dense growth, with shiny foliage, turning to bright autumn tints in the fall. Flowers small double white and very showy. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

SPIREA SALICIFOLIA (Willow-Leaved Spirea)—Erect growing shrub with narrow leaves and panicles of white flowers from June until September. Fine for massing with other shrubs. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

SPIREA SORBIFOLIA (Mountain Ash-Leaved)—Hardy shrub from Northern Asia, growing from 3 to 5 feet.

Foliage similar to the Mountain Ash, bright green, and makes striking contrast with other shrubs. Fine for beds or foundation planting. Flowers in large white panicles during the summer. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

SPIREA THUNBERGI (Snow Garland)—Low, graceful shrub of fine texture in branch and leaf. Pure white flowers are borne in great profusion before the leaves appear, giving the plant the appearance of being covered with snow. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.



Spirea Prunifolia, Home Nursery Grounds.

Spirea Van Houtti (Bridal Wreath)

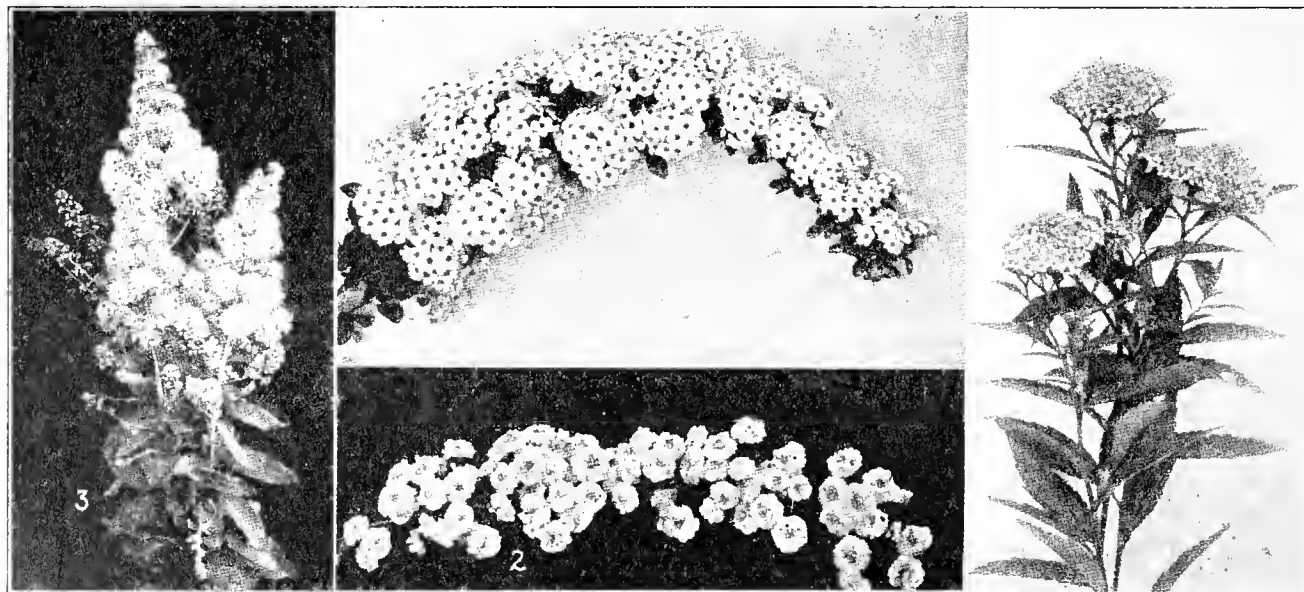
One of the finest of flowering shrubs, and probably none so popular or widely planted. It is a beautiful ornament to the lawn at any season, but when in flower it is a complete fountain of white bloom, the foliage hardly showing. Perfectly hardy and an early bloomer. Its adaptability to almost any soil or situation makes it one of the most desirable shrubs under cultivation.

Have the following sizes to offer:

2 to 3 ft.-----	Each 15c; per 10, \$1.25
3 to 4 ft.-----	Each 20c; per 10, \$1.50
5 to 6 ft.-----	Each 25c; per 10, \$2.00

SNOWBERRY—Medium-sized shrub with bluish-green foliage and rose-colored flowers in June and July, followed by large clusters of white, waxy fruit that hangs on far into the winter. A very graceful shrub that fits in most anywhere. Grows equally well in shade. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

CORALBERRY—Low, almost trailing, graceful shrub with coral-colored berries that hang on during the winter and are very showy. Its graceful habit and fine texture of foliage and twigs make it one of the best for foundation planting and borders. It grows naturally in open woods and along hedge rows. Native of Missouri, called Missouri Currant. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.



Spirea Billardi

(Upper)—*Spirea Van Houtti*
(Lower)—*Spirea Prunifolia*

Spirea Anthony Waterer

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs—Continued

Springas (Lilacs)...

SYRINGA (Common Purple Lilac)—Large old-fashioned shrub with bluish-purple flowers, very sweet scented. The most popular and the earliest to bloom of all the lilacs. We have these in strong 3 to 4 ft. bushes that will soon come into bloom. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

SYRINGA ROTHOMAGENSIS (Rouen Lilac)—Shrub attaining from 10 to 12 ft. in height, with rather slender arching branches, with large panicles of reddish-purple blossoms. This variety originated at Rouen, France, which gives it its name. Fine for single specimens or heavy borders. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

SYRINGA JOSIKAEA (Hungarian Lilac)—Hardy, vigorous growing shrub with upright stout branches and dark green shining leaves. Violet colored bloom in rather narrow panicles. Later blooming than the common lilac. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

And other Named Varieties 35c each

TAMARIX PENTANDRA—Shrub or small tree with reddish-purple branches and blueish-green feathery foliage. Flowers in large pink panicles in August and September. Owing to its fine feathery foliage, it has the appearance of an evergreen during the summer. Can be sheared in any shape. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

Viburnums (The Arrow Woods or Snowball)...

In this group are included the Snowballs, which give in spring the same showy effects that Hydrangeas produce in the fall. Viburnums are invaluable in shrubbery borders, desirable as specimens and generally useful. Most varieties grow satisfactorily in partially shaded places, although they will, of course, flower better in sunny locations. Beautiful autumn foliage is displayed by some varieties. Others are valued for their ornamental berries.

VIBURNUM DENTATUM (Arrow Wood)—Upright, growing to 6 feet in height, with light green dentate leaves. Flowers greenish-white; fruit black. A fine shrub for massing or foliage effect. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

VIBURNUM LANTANA (Wayfaring Tree)—A large, robust shrub 8 to 10 feet in height, with fuzzy foliage, light green above and silvery beneath. Large clusters of white flowers followed by red fruit. Retains its foliage late in the fall. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

VIBURNUM OPULUS (Highbush Cranberry)—Tall and upright, with good foliage and especially decorative red fruit in large clusters which resemble cranberries and hang on until freezing weather. Fine for large screen planting. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00. Heavy Stock, 40c each; per 10, \$3.50.

VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILUS (Common Snowball)—Old-fashioned shrub that grows anywhere and blooms well. Characterized by its large clusters of white flowers, resembling snowballs. Always in bloom on Decoration Day. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

Weigelias...

WEIGELA ROSEA (Rose-Colored Weigela)—Very free-flowing shrub, growing 5 to 7 feet. Flowers are produced in so great profusion as to almost hide the foliage. A well known shrub, fine for massing or for single specimen. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

WEIGELA EVA RATHKE (Hybrid Weigela)—Dwarf but erect shrub with deep carmine-red flowers; flowering continuously throughout the summer. The finest of the Weigelias. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

Shrubs Adapted to Shady Places...

It is quite often that plantings are required in the shade of the house or under large trees. The following shrubs will grow in shade and give good results. In places that have been shaded for a considerable time



Weigela Rosea

the soil often becomes sour, and few varieties of shrubs or plants will thrive in it without the application of lime to counteract the acidity.

Japanese Barberry; Sumac, in variety; Flowering Currant; Forsythia; Choke Cherry; Coralberry; Viburnums; Red-barked Dogwood; Hydrangea Arborescens; Deutzia, in variety; Privet; Snowberry.

Plants Suitable for Hedging...

The following varieties of trees and shrubs are recommended for planting for ornamental hedges. Plants should be set from 8 to 12 inches apart, according to the height hedge wanted. And if it is desirable to have the hedge very thick at the bottom they should be set in double rows.

Prepare the ground for a hedge by spading full 10 inches deep and a space 3 feet wide, the length required, and set the plants in the middle of the spading and keep well cultivated the first year. All plants, except evergreens, should be cut back to within 3 or 4 inches of the ground after planting, to make them branch low.

The following kinds may be sheared to any desired form:

EVERGREENS, Arborvitae and Hemlock Spruce.
SHRUBS, the Privets and Japanese Barberry.

There is nothing that adds as much beauty or gives such a degree of refinement to a home for as little out-lay of work and money as a proper planting of trees, shrubs, vines and flowers.

Your Dollar has twice the purchasing power when you buy direct from us, the Grower. The Middle-Man's commission stays in your pocket.

To us, one pleased customer is worth a whole yard full of dissatisfied ones.

A business conducted under the same management for 49 years, with an increasing trade, is proof enough of reliability.

Roses • •

There is nothing in flowers that takes the place of Roses. There is nothing in flowers that can compare with them in beauty, grace and ornamentation. It is surely the queen of flowers. There is no other flower that is quite as appropriate for decoration.

In this latitude only the hardiest varieties of Roses can be grown with success unless they have some winter protection. By laying the bushes down and covering with coarse materials or wrapping with straw or burlap, the half-hardy varieties may be grown with good results, and one is amply repaid for the trouble. By planting the proper selection of kinds one may have a succession of bloom from June until freezing weather in October.

In planting Roses one should bear in mind that new and vigorous growth is what produces the bloom, and this can be attained only by cutting back the top to within 3 or 4 inches of the ground as soon as planted. Another essential is good, deep, rich soil and clean cultivation; these are absolutely necessary for success.

Roses must have a sunny situation and are not to be planted in the shade of trees or buildings.

Our stock contains a variety of colors and is the very best for this latitude. The plants are two-year-old field grown, are in good dormant condition, and will bloom the first season. They are not to be compared to greenhouse plants from small thumb-pots sold at a low price.

Dwarf Polyantha Roses...

These are entirely distinct from the large flowering sorts, as the flowers are borne in clusters of from 10 to 25 individual flowers. These are classed as "Baby Roses," and none grow very tall; they are constant bloomers. Fine for planting in beds or borders.

BABY RAMBLER—In color resembles the Climbing Crimson Rambler, very dwarf and compact, attaining about 18 inches in height. Excellent for bordering beds of large roses or for beds by themselves. Bloom full during the entire season. Flowers in clusters of very small roses. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

ELLEN POULSON—A bright rose-pink. Flowers very small, borne in large clusters throughout the season. Very showy and fine for borders. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

GROOTENDORST—This might properly be called a Rugosa Baby Rambler, it being a cross between the Rugosa and Crimson Rambler. It is absolutely hardy and continues in full bloom from June until November. It is admirably adapted for a hedge, grows about 3 feet in height and is covered with bright red clusters of bloom all the time. The foliage is a rich green, free from disease. Fine for specimen or in beds. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

ROSA ROULETTI—Bright red and very dwarf; not over six inches across; unexcelled for rockeries or border planting.

Hybrid Perpetuals or Everblooming

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ—Rich scarlet, shading to a velvety crimson; very fragrant, a very free, strong grower, in bloom all the time. This rose should be in every garden, as it succeeds under the most ordinary conditions. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

F. K. DRUSCHKI—A white American Beauty. Long, immense buds and perfectly double flowers. For bedding and cutting it is the finest of its class. Prolific grower. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

GEN. JACQUEMINOT—An old favorite. Brilliant scarlet crimson, very fragrant. One of the oldest and best known roses in cultivation. Does well everywhere. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

LADY HILLINGTON—Deep Apricot yellow. The color is solid without any shading. It never fades in color. Growth is strong and vigorous. Flowers are large and loose, with long, pointed buds and remarkably large petals. The finest yellow everblooming rose to date. One of the best for cutting. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

PAUL NEYRON—This magnificent rose is by far the largest in cultivation. Very double and full; deep rose color and delightfully fragrant. A popular kind and a splendid bloomer. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

RED RADIANCE—A brilliant flower of Cerise-Red, globular in shape; large blooms, on heavy individual

canes, all through the summer and until frost. Ideal for garden and cutting. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

PINK RADIANCE—One of the most popular American Roses—silvery pink, deepening to salmon; a great abundance of blooms on long strong stems. A beautiful, dependable, continuous bloomer. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

SPECIAL OFFER—Choice of any five Hybrid Perpetuals \$1.75, prepaid mail.

Climbing Varieties...

AMERICAN BEAUTY CLIMBER—Fully meriting the name by its beauty and delightful fragrance. Its large and abundant blossoms of American Beauty color make it a favorite everywhere.

It is a strong, hardy, vigorous grower with unusually attractive foliage. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

CRIMSON RAMBLER—Well known and very popular; strong rapid grower, covered in season with large and brilliant clusters of crimson flowers. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

DOROTHY PERKINS—Delicate shell-pink; foliage much finer than most of the Climbing Roses. Blooms in large clusters. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER—No other Rose can compare with this for brilliancy of color, which is maintained until the petals fall. The flowers, a vivid scarlet, are of good size, semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 flowers each on much branched canes, the plants being literally covered from top to bottom with bloom. It is of strong climbing habit and perfectly hardy. This is one of the most popular climbing roses. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

SPECIAL OFFER—Choice of three climbing Roses \$1.00, prepaid mail.

Miscellaneous Roses...

PERSIAN YELLOW—A very old and favorite variety that is the first to bloom in the spring of any of the Roses. Double rich yellow. Plants of a shrubby growth and very hardy. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

ROSA RUGOSA—Japanese wrinkled Rose, perfectly hardy, and fine for massing with other shrubs. Blooms in large clusters in June and occasionally during the summer and fall. The blooms are very large and showy. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

HENRY MARTIN OR RED MOSS—Light, glossy-red, tinged with crimson; full and sweet; finely mossed. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

LOS ANGELES—A luminous flame-pink, toned with coral and shading to gold at the base of the petals. Its rich fragrance, beautiful long-pointed buds, which open into very large blooms, has made it a sensation in the rose world. Growth is vigorous, with continuous production of flowers on long stems. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

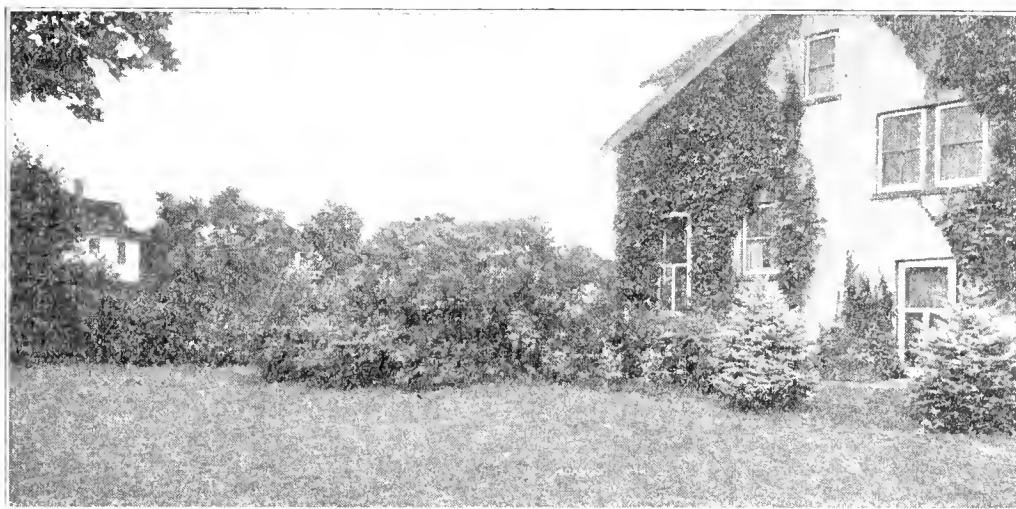
ROSA SETIGERA (Illinois Prairie Rose)—Blooms single, light pink, in large clusters. Season two weeks after other varieties are past. Splendid rich foliage free from disease, and, of course, perfectly hardy. Season, July. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

ROSA HUGONIS—This species from China is unlike any other Rose. It is of shrub-like habit of growth and naturally forms symmetrical bushes about 6 feet high and of same diameter. It is valuable to plant among shrubs or for making a hedge. It has a clean healthy foliage of the Briar type; delicate yellow single flowers the last of May, and after it has finished blooming it remains an attractive hush for the balance of the season. Price, each 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

If desired via Parcel Post, add 2c each; 8c for 5, or 12c for 10.

Order early, while our list of varieties is complete. We do not attempt to fill orders with kinds that we have sold out.

Hardy Vines and Creepers • •



In the beautifying of grounds, the climbing shrubs are indispensable. They will grow where other ornamentals find no room. For home embellishment there is nothing that adds more grace to the exterior of a home than well-placed and appropriate vines. The enchanting pergola, shady arbor and veranda, or clinging wall cover, gives that artistic effect that no other treatment can produce. Climbing vines add comfort, perfume and flowers.

Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay, brickbats, cinders and building refuse, and the owner finally decides that vines are not much good; while if the ground had been prepared by filling in with good rich soil before planting, and mulched heavily with well rotted manure in the fall, the results would be most satisfactory.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI (Boston Ivy)—The most popular climbing plant for covering brick, stone or wooden walls, trees, etc. When it becomes established it is of very rapid growth and clings to the smoothest surface, covering closely with overlapping foliage, giving the appearance of shingles. The color is a fresh deep green in the summer, changing to the brightest shades of crimson and yellow in the fall. Not absolutely hardy in the north. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

AMPELOPSIS ENGLEMANI (Engleman's Ivy)—A small leaved variety of the American Ivy or Virginia Creeper. Extremely hardy and strong growing and easy to get started, will cling closely to any kind of a wall without any support; dense, light green foliage in summer, changing to a brilliant crimson in the autumn. The very best and hardiest for this latitude. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI—Hardy vine with very large purple flowers. There is no climbing plant that equals it in attractiveness or beauty. They like a rich, moist situation and not too sunny a location. The crowns should be planted about 3 inches deep. Price, each 75c; per 10, \$6.50.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Virgin's Bower)—A strong luxuriant grower with light green foliage that is handsome in itself. Small white fragrant flowers in feathery panicles, blooming late in the season. Very popular, hardy and desirable. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

CELASTRUS SCANDENS (American Bitter-Sweet)—Well known native climber, handsome glossy foliage and large clusters of beautiful orange-crimson fruit, retained all winter. Its graceful sprays of berries make charming winter home decorations. Fine for covering old stumps or rough fences. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

JAPANESE SPURGE (*Pachysandra Terminalis*)—A hardy evergreen ground cover with attractive dark green leaves, valuable for planting in shady places where grass will not grow. When once established it becomes a veritable mat, completely covering the ground. Also suitable for grave covers. Price, each 10c; per 10, 75c.

LONICERA HALIANA (Japan Honeysuckle)—Strong grower, holds its dark-green foliage until early winter; almost evergreen. Flowers white, changing to yellow; very fragrant. Unexcelled as a porch climber or wall cover. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

LONICERA SEMPERVIRENS (Trumpet Honeysuckle)—Very old-fashioned vine with scarlet trumpet-shaped flowers borne in great profusion. Very attractive to Humming Birds during the summer. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE VINE (*Aristolochia Sipho*)—A vigorous and rapid-growing climber, bearing singular, brownish-colored flowers, resembling in shape a pipe. Its flowers, however, are of little value, compared to its bright green leaves, which are of very large size and retain their color from early spring to late fall; perfectly hardy. Price, each \$1.00; per 10, \$7.50.

KUDZU VINE—A perennial vine from Japan, with a large tuberous root. When well established will make a growth of 40 to 50 feet in a season. Dies down to the ground each season. Flowers rosy purple, pea-shaped. Price, each 75c; per 10, \$6.00.

LICIAM VULGARE (Matrimony Vine)—Very showy vine with dark green foliage, small light blue flowers and coral-red berries borne in great profusion. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

POLYGONUM AUBERTI (Chinese Fleece Vine)—A vigorous and rapid growing climber, which in blooming is covered with foamy sprays of creamy white flowers. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$1.50.

VINCA MINOR (Periwinkle or Myrtle)—Hardy old-fashioned evergreen creeper well adapted for ground cover and rockeries. Leaves dark green and glossy; flowers blue. Fine for grave cover. Price, each 10c; per 10, 75c.

WISTERIA, PURPLE—One of the best hardy climbers, producing dense drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers in May and occasionally during the fall. Color violet blue, richly perfumed. One of the handsomest for pergolas, trellises and porches. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

FERNS (Hardy Woods Ferns)—With few exceptions, Ferns do best in shady or semi-shady locations in rich, well drained soil, where they can be supplied with water during dry weather. For naturalizing in woodland they are fine subjects planted with Foxglove, Funkias and Columbines. They are of extremely easy culture. Price, Strong Clumps, each 30c.

Buy of Us and Cut Out the Middleman's Profit.
Our 48 years of successful business is your guarantee.

Hardy Perennials • •

Hardy perennials appeal most especially to people who haven't the time to bother with plants that have to be reset every spring. One can have just as gorgeous displays of flowers by the use of hardy plants as with annuals, and they will live and increase in beauty each year. There are gardens where clumps of some of the old favorites have outlived three generations of owners.

Many kinds are up and in bloom before it is time to think about setting out annuals, and with a small border planting there is no time during the entire season but what one will find a wealth of bloom from some one or more kinds of these most popular plants.

A garden of hardy perennials is a most important adjunct to the home, and the showy Peonies, Irises, Phlox, Hollyhocks, and the like, add a charm that can be had in no other way.

The growing popularity of this class of plants is not surprising when it is considered they give such an ever changing array of color in the garden without the yearly replacement that annuals require.

Nearly all perennials require a rich soil, and one is amply repaid for the extra culture given them. The best results can be attained by planting three to five in a clump or mass. A longer period of blooming is possible if the flowers are removed before the seed pods are formed.

The plants offered are all field grown, strong clumps, and will bloom the first season.

ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA—Very showy plant, native to the eastern part of the United States. About 2½ ft. in height, producing flowers of brilliant orange-scarlet during July and August. Fine for cutting. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

ACHILLEA (The Pearl)—Medium low-growing plant that blooms all summer; pure white. They are useful for the border, wild garden or shrubbery; also for cutting. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

ACONITUM FISHERI (Monkshood)—Bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, valuable for cutting. Very effective in flower borders and shrubberies. Flowers dark blue in September and October. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

ANCHUSA ITALICA—A very hardy and easily grown perennial. Flowers a rich genetian blue. Grows from 3 to 5 feet high. Flowers throughout the season. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.



Hollyhocks

ALTHEA ROSEA (Hollyhocks)—This stately old plant is truly "king of the garden." Their colossal spikes of bloom, 5 to 7 feet high, produce bold and showy effects which cannot be secured with any other plant. Very effective shrubbery and herbaceous border, and along fences and boundaries. Our stock consists of the very best crimson varieties. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

AQUILEGIA CAERULEA (Rocky Mountain Columbine)—One of the most beautiful of the Columbines, with very graceful, long-spurred bloom. Sepals deep blue and petals white. The foliage is good all summer. Blooms during May and June. We obtained our seed direct from the mountains of Colorado, and you may depend upon getting the true kind. Price, each 25c.

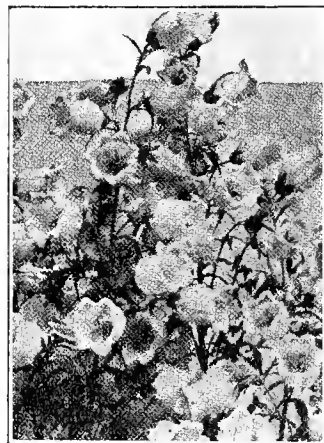
ARTEMISIA SILVER KING—One of the outstanding novelties among hardy plants introduced the last few years. Both stems and foliage are a bright silvery

green, which stands in striking contrast to the different colors of other plants. Well developed plants average about 3 feet high. For general landscape effect among shrubbery it is unsurpassed, while it is quite desirable for cutting. Price, ea. 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

BLEEDING HEART—An old-fashioned favorite. Its arching stems bear drooping, heart-shaped flowers of white and rose red. It is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border, and especially valuable for planting in shade. Price, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES—Strong-growing, makes large bushy clumps 4 to 5 feet high; covered with aster-like flowers late in the fall, remaining in bloom a long time. Suitable for background for other perennials. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

CHRYSANTHEMUM—The hardy "Muuns" bloom profusely in October, after everything else in the garden has been killed by frost. They are excellent for cut-flowers and bouquets. There are but few kinds that are really hardy in this latitude. We offer the very best in the following named colors, viz.: Yellow, Pink and White. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.25.



Campanula

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells)—Well known hardy plant which throws up a liberal number of flower spikes, along which are a crowded profusion of good sized bells, the edges of which are softly rolled back and fluted. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA—Flowers are a rich golden-yellow, borne in great profusion nearly the entire summer. This is one of the most serviceable and dependable of the perennials, furnishing a most excellent amount of cut flowers, besides taking an important place among the hardy border plants of 18 to 24 inches high. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

DELPHINIUMS (Larkspur)—The hardy Larkspurs are easily among the finest of all our perennial plants. The prevailing colors are rich, clear shades of blue. The taller kinds furnish long spikes of bloom that are strikingly decorative and last a long time as cut flowers. The plants have a long season of bloom which can be greatly prolonged by keeping the seed stalks cut out and supplying plenty of water. The dark, handsome foliage is neat and attractive throughout the whole season. The plants are perfectly hardy. Blooms from June until frost. Light Blue, Dark Blue, Dwarf Royal Purple. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William)—Old-fashioned garden pinks; come in various colors and blooms continuously all summer. Suitable for borders and edges. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)—Flowers in immense spikes during July and August, and if seed stalks are cut away, will bloom until frost. They are fine for the mixed border. The large, rough, dark-green foliage is attractive. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Grass Pinks)—This desirable sweet scented, low-growing early-blooming and free-flowering Hardy Pink is unequalled for the borders of beds or drives, or for old-fashioned gardens. Blooms throughout the season. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

Hardy Perennials—Continued

FUNKIA SUBCORDATA (White Day Lily)—Large, full clumps of handsome foliage, with large, fragrant, pure white flowers. Blooms in August. Both the foliage and flowers are conspicuous, so even when not in bloom the plants are attractive. Suitable for most any part of the garden. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

FUNKIA LANCEOLATA (Blue Day Lily)—Lilac-colored flowers, valuable for its late blooming. Not as large and vigorous as the preceding. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

MALLOWS (Hardy Hibiscus)—A large leaved heavy plant, producing large flowers 6 to 10 inches across from July until late in September. Requires about 3 feet of space. Flowers extremely showy. In separate colors—Red, Pink and White. Price, each 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)—Daisy-shaped flowers with orange-tipped petals shading to scarlet in the center. Are most attractive from June until frost. Their long flowering period, long stems and bright colors make it one of the most valuable of the perennials, being easily grown in beds or borders in any ordinary soil. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

GYPSOPHYLA (Baby's Breath)—A beautiful old-fashioned plant, possessing a grace not found in any other perennial. When in bloom during July and August it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height, and as much through, of minute pure white flowers, forming a beautiful gauze-like appearance. When cut it is exquisite in combination with other flowers. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

LEMON LILY (Hemerocallis)—Magnificent hardy plant and undoubtedly among the finest for ordinary garden culture, as they will grow anywhere in either partial shade or full sun. The lemon-colored flowers are produced in clusters of 6 to 12 blooms, opening in succession, and are very useful when cut for indoor decoration. Good for borders, shrubberies, wild garden or naturalizing in grass. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

LINUM PERENNE (Flowering Flax)—Very desirable within dwarf perennial beds, very much at home in rockeries. The plant bushes up evenly about 18 to 24 inches, with dainty glaucous foliage, the surface spangled with perfectly round, flat, solitary, azure-blue flowers from May to August. A fresh crop with each morning's dew. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

POPPY ORIENTALE—For gorgeous coloring the Oriental Poppy has few rivals among hardy plants. Immense scarlet flowers that contrast vividly with the green of shrubbery or Evergreen borders during June and July. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY—Will thrive and throw up its beautiful, modest, fragrant white bells in any kind of soil. It will make a carpet of refreshing green, daintily patterned by its pervading flower sprays, in those shady and cold spaces otherwise lost to ornamentation around every house, and in the little nooks and angles too small for coarser and more ambitious plants. The bloom occurs in late spring and early summer. Price, strong clumps, each 10c; per 10, 75c.

TIGRINUM SPLENDENS (Tiger Lily)—Because it is so widely cultivated in this country, this Lily has come to be looked upon as native, but it originally came from China and Japan. The flowers are orange, spotted purple, opening in August and September on 2 to 4 ft. stems. Price, strong blooming sized bulbs, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not)—Few flowers are more admired than the Forget-Me-Not, which bloom so profusely from May until September. The tiny blue flowers have a very appealing charm. The dwarf plants spread rapidly, carpeting the ground. Makes excellent edgings for beds or borders of perennial plants. Price, each 25c, per 10, \$2.00.

IRIS, or FLEUR de LIS (German Iris)—It is hardly necessary to describe this well known hardy perennial, which is sometimes called Hardy Orchids because of the richness and beauty of the flowers. They vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blossoming in June in exquisite shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow and white. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

IRIS KAEMPFERI (Japanese Iris)—The flowers are generally rather flat and wide, often measuring 9 to 10 inches across, appearing in great profusion in June and July, after the German Iris are through. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.



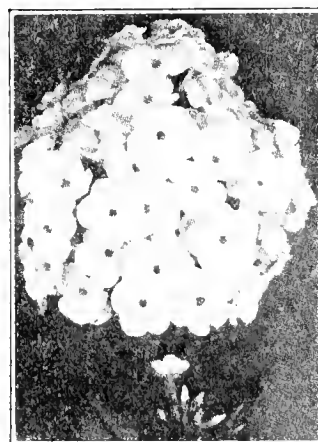
Japanese Iris

IRIS SIBERICA (Siberian Iris)—A variety distinguished by its tall, grass-like foliage and clustered flowers of a royal purple on numerous slender stems. They reach a height from 2 to 3 feet and bloom from May to June. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

SEDUM SPECTABILIS (Live Forever)—Of upright growth, 12 to 15 inches high. Foliage round, thick and rubbery, crowned with massive flat cymes of dark crimson flowers. Will grow anywhere. Price, each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

SAXIFRAGA CORDIFOLIA—These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery, forming masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage, which alone renders them useful; flowers appear very early in the spring. Fine among rocks or ledges. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

PLATYCODON MARIESI (Balloon Flowers)—Blue; 12 to 15 inches. July until late September. A beautiful dwarf species, with broad, thick foliage and large, deep violet-blue flowers. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.



Phlox Paniculata Variety
(Miss Lingard)

PHYSALIS FRANCHETI (Japanese Lantern Plant)—This wonderfully decorative plant is easy to grow and multiplies rapidly. A big money maker that will yield more than any other outside crop. The fruits are becoming more popular each year for decorative purposes in the early fall and winter. The color of these lantern fruits is orange-vermillion and are everlasting after drying. Single plants produce as many as thirty lanterns that sell readily in any flower market. They are beautiful for home decoration, being ever-lasting. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.50.

Do Not Confuse Us with Jobbers—Who Buy and Sell

Hardy Perennials—Continued

PHLOX PANICULATA (Hardy Phlox)—This is one of the most useful flowers for summer decorations, the colors varying from pure white to deep crimson. They are not at all particular as to soil and are extremely hardy. They can be used to advantage in the hardy border, in large groups on the lawn, or planted in front of shrubbery, where, by judicious pinching back and removing faded flowers, a constant succession of bloom may be had until frost.

VARIETIES

B. Comte—Brilliant, rich and highly pleasing to the eye; French purple or wine color. Price, each 30c.

Miss Lingard—Pure white and earliest of all, blooms all summer, delightfully fragrant, very large showy trusses. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Champs Elysee—Bright rosy-magenta. 2 feet high. Price, each 15c; per 10, \$1.00.

Eclairer—Brilliant rosy-magenta Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Mrs. Jenkins—Pure white, medium height. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

R. P. Struthers—Rosy-carmine with claret eye. Price, each 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

Rhineland—Salmon-pink with distinct claret eye. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

Rhynstrom—Beautiful rosy-pink, very free-flowering. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Painted Daisy)—Beautiful plants with feathery foliage and blooms like painted daisies, coming in June. Very hardy and desirable. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

RUDBECKIA (Golden Glow)—Golden-yellow Dahlia-like flowers borne on tall swaying stems; blooms summer and fall. Very decorative for shrubberies or sides of drives. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

Peonies...

Peonies, next to the Roses, are certainly the most popular of the June flowers. They are well adapted for massing in beds and particularly adapted for planting in groups throughout the perennial or shrubbery border. The great flowers are perfectly formed and some are as fragrant and delicately colored as the Rose. They are perfectly hardy and increase in beauty and size from year to year.

VARIETIES

Rubra Officinalis—The old-fashioned early red Peony cultivated ever since the time of Pliny, and is still a favorite. Very large dark red; blooms in May. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$5.00.

Festiva Maxima—Extremely large, pure white variety, fragrant and showy. The most popular white kind. Price, each 50c; per 10, \$5.00.

Felix Crouse—A rich, even, dazzling ruby-red. Strong grower. Finest variety for use as cut flowers. Price, each 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

Mixed Kinds—We have a quantity of varieties in different colors from pink to various light shades, which we offer in strong unnamed clumps at 50c each; per 10, \$4.50.

SHASTA DAISY (Burbank's)—A hybrid Chrysanthemum, very free-flowering with large and showy Daisy-like flowers, white with yellow centers. Blooms 4 to 6 inches across, extremely productive of bloom and splendid for cut flowers. Price, each 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

TRITOMA PFITZERI (Flame Flower or Torch Lily)—A beautiful late flowering perennial having handsome reed-like foliage. Sends up stiff stems of orange-scarlet flowers from August until the ground freezes in the fall. Very showy and fine for borders and in front of shrubbery. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA (Bear Grass)—The broad sword-like foliage is evergreen. Sends up tall stalks laden with creamy-white bell-shaped flowers during midsummer. Very desirable for herbaceous borders. Very hardy in either extremes of cold or heat. Price, each 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

NOTE.—For large assortment of the above Perennials, write for special prices. We furnish plans for Perennial border free to our customers.

If desired via Parcel Post, add for each plant 4c; for 5, 8c, and for 10, 12c. On plants with soil attached add double the above postage.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ALL ORDERS must be accompanied by money order, bank draft or personal cheque for full amount.

C. O. D. ORDERS—Owing to the fact that nursery products are more or less perishable, we cannot undertake to send stock C. O. D.

ORDER EARLY—Do not delay in ordering until you are ready to plant. Order now while our list of varieties is complete, which insures you of getting the kinds wanted. We ship at the proper time for planting.

REPLACING—We do not replace stock that fails the first season at any reduction. Some firms offer to replace free, but if you will compare our prices with theirs you will see that they can afford to do so.

WE EMPLOY NO AGENTS or salesmen, you deal direct, and you are assured of paying but one profit. A comparison of prices with those you have formerly paid will show that they are less than half the price you paid traveling tree agents.

OUR NURSERY IS INSPECTED by the State Entomologist twice each year and we have a Certificate of Health, a copy of which goes with each order.

EVERGREENS as dug with ball of earth attached may be successfully planted at any time during the spring or fall. Spring planting ends the last of June, and fall planting begins the middle of August.

AUTO TRUCK DELIVERY—We make quick delivery via truck to customers within a radius of 75 miles, or more, at very small additional cost.

Driving fifty miles or more to the Nursery over cement roads is a pleasure trip, and the most satisfactory way to make your purchase, as you can see just what you are getting, and take it with you.

Hints for the Planter • •

PREPARATION OF THE SOIL—The most desirable soil for fruit trees is a rich loam, which should be either dug or plowed deep and well worked up. Where preparation by plowing is not practical the holes should be dug at least two feet wide and 16 inches deep. In filling the hole use only fine dirt against the roots. Allow no trace of manure to come against them. The top soil should be well worked up for a space two feet each way around the tree and well cultivated the entire season. Where trees are planted in plowed ground, a hoed crop may be grown between the trees with profit. No crop should be planted within five feet of the trees. Do not set a tree as you would a post and expect results. It must have cultivation. If the soil is coarse and crumbly a good soaking will be beneficial.

SELECTION OF TREES—A good many people are led to believe that a one-year-old apple tree will come into bearing as soon as a three-year-old planted at the same time. Experience has proven this to be incorrect for this latitude. It might be true in the South or in some of the favored irrigated valleys, but in this region the three-year-old tree will come into bearing at least two years sooner. This will apply to all fruit trees as planted in this section.

PREPARATION OF TREES—If trees appear dry when received, from being long on the road, place them with their roots in water, or bury root and top in moist dirt for a few days until revived, before planting. Ordinarily stock should be planted as soon as received. If the ground is not ready, or for some reason you are not ready, the trees may be heeled in for a few days without injury, by covering the roots with moist dirt and shading the tops. Do not expose roots to sun and wind for any length of time. It is highly injurious and fatal to evergreens. Go over the roots just before putting in the hole, and

with a sharp knife cut back to good live tissue, as they will start much quicker from a freshly cut surface than from an old wound.

TIME OF PLANTING—The proper time for transplanting nursery stock is often a disputed question. It is well known that deciduous trees, or those that shed their leaves, may be transplanted at any time after the leaves drop in the fall until the growth starts again in the spring. However, in this latitude any trees that are inclined to be a little tender are liable to winter injury if planted in the fall; so that, owing to our cold winters, spring planting, as a rule, is preferable this far north. Where fall planting is practiced it should be deferred as late as possible to allow the wood to ripen fully. This will be usually the fore part of November.

CULTIVATION—To get good results from your trees, keep them well cultivated at all times. Where planted in sod this is very important, as the grass will soon occupy all the space and choke the trees. A coarse mulching would be of benefit to keep down the grass and the ground cool and moist. Keep down all water-sprouts or suckers that come up around the base of the tree. The first two years at least the orchard should be well cultivated. Bear in mind that a thrifty tree is usually immune from most insect pests.

SPRAYING—Our Spraying Department will gladly offer practical advice on equipment and materials for your individual spraying needs or, if you prefer, will make arrangements to do the work for you with our own power spray equipment. The State Experimental Station issues a Bulletin giving information on methods and means of controlling insect and fungus diseases. This Bulletin is free—address Illinois State University, Urbana, and ask for the Bulletin on Spraying.

DISTANCES FOR PLANTING

	Rows Apart	Apart In Rows		Rows Apart	Apart In Rows
Blackberry	8 feet	2 feet	Apple	30 feet	20 feet
Gooseberry	6 feet	4 feet	Pear	16 feet	12 feet
Currant	6 feet	4 feet	Plum	20 feet	16 feet
Strawberry	3 feet	2 feet	Peach	16 feet	10 feet
Asparagus	3 feet	2 feet	Grape	7 feet	6 feet
			Raspberry	7 feet	3 feet

The above distances are for field culture and on good prairie land. On light soil plant closer.

FREE — New Book on Horticulture

HAVE RECENTLY GOTTEN OUT A BOOK, entitled, **BETTER GARDENING**, by an author who has given a life time to the work. This book tells What, When and How to Plant. It contains 48 pages of instructions regarding every phase of Fruit and Ornamental Gardening. The chapters on Roses, Rock Gardens and Pools, either one of which is worth many times the cost of the book even if it cost a dollar.

The information given in this book applies to climatic and soil conditions of the Middle West. Most Garden Information written heretofore was from the East, where different conditions exist and the advice given in many instances was faulty and

disappointing when applied under our own soil and climate.

So many fail with Trees and Shrubs on account of not knowing just how to plant or what after management to give. While if properly instructed the results would be both profitable and a source of enjoyment. Knowing the need of such information among tree planters in general, we urge our customers to get this book. It contains 26 chapters on as many different subjects relative to gardening, and is up-to-date in every particular and the advice given is the very best to be had.

No charge if requested with an order, otherwise send 10c in stamps to cover mailing costs.

James Ingels, Mgr. **THE HOME NURSERY** La Fayette, Illinois

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WHEN ORDERING**

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HOW TO ORDER—Fill out this sheet with the items you want. Be sure to give the size and Catalog Price, enclosing Postal Money Order, Bank Draft, or Personal Check for full amount of order. If ordered by mail or parcel post, the amount of postage should be added. On request we give the exact postage required to any Post Office in the United States on any particular order.

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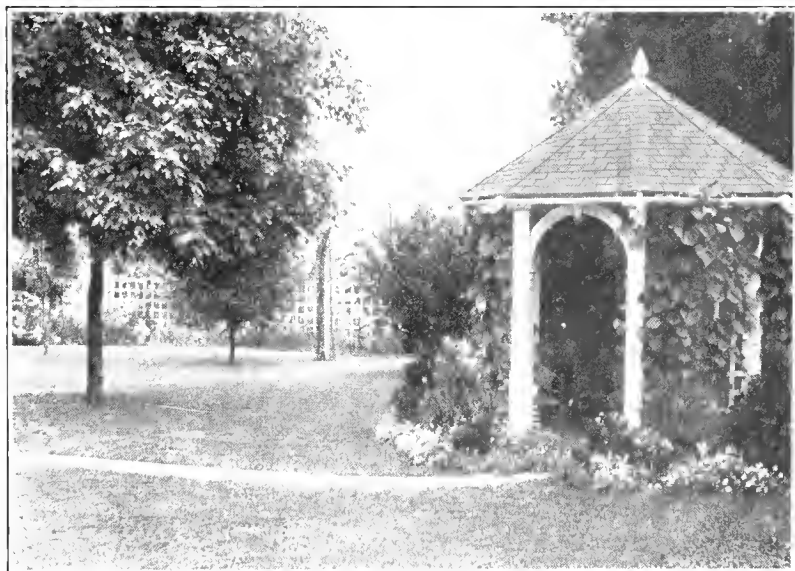
The most important feature of home grounds is the lawn. And nothing about the place will give as fine appearance as a good velvety lawn. And in order to have this one must sow the best combination of seed. Some grasses grow well early, some during the summer, and some later in the season, and no one kind will produce a fine lawn throughout the entire season, so that one must use a mixture of good early, medium and late kinds.

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NOTE.—Ground in the shade that is sour and covered with moss so nothing else grows should have an application of lime, one bushel to each 1,000 square feet.



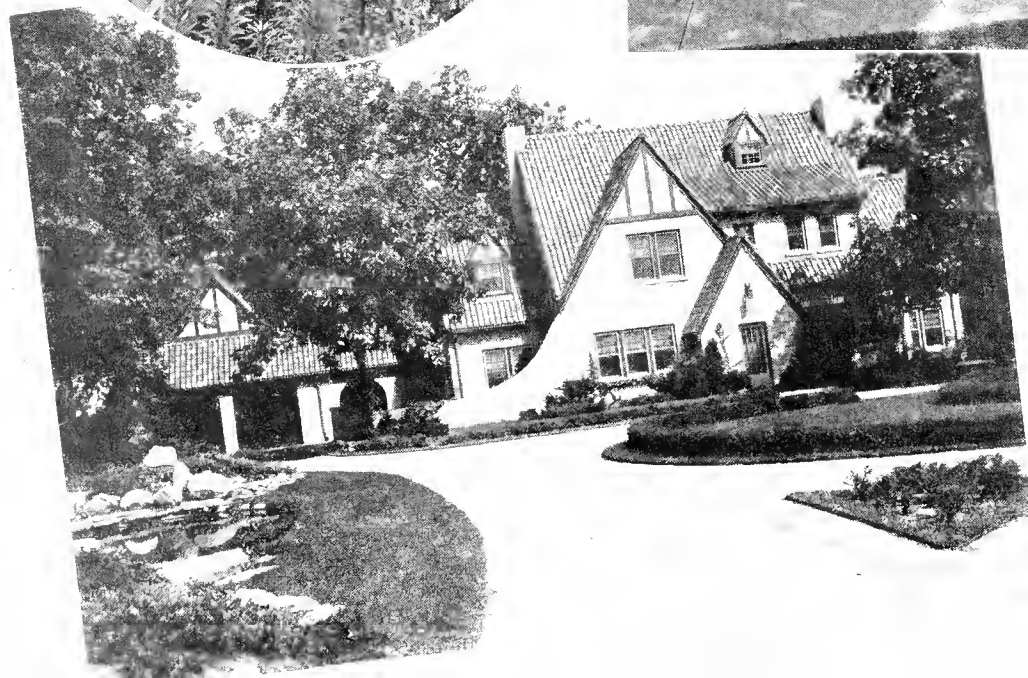
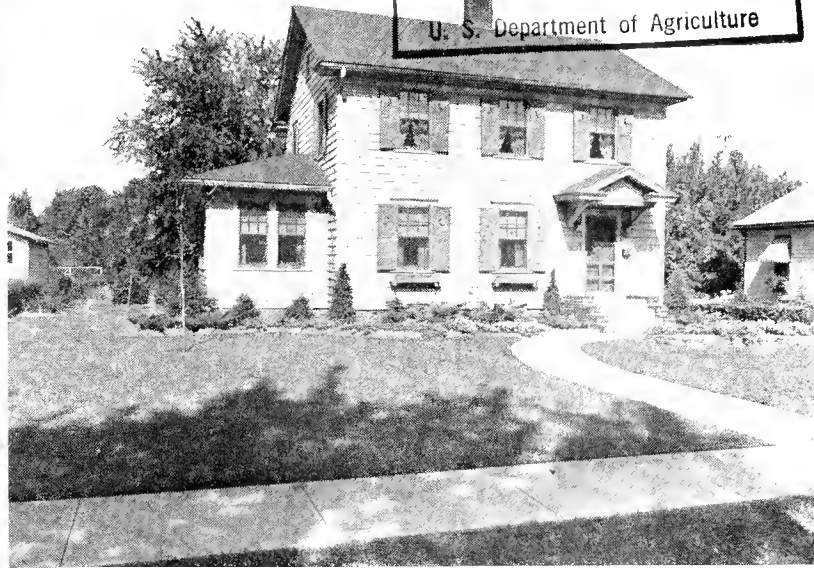
Landscape Your Home

Just a few of the attractive garden spots landscaped by the Home Nursery Landscape Department.

You too, can have a Home Beautiful which will be the pride of the whole Family and an asset to the value of your property. Let us help you, too, in the planning and selection of Evergreens, Shrubs and Perennials to make your home a beautiful garden.



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OUR OWN LANDSCAPE SERVICE

Is available to our customers either in submitting an appropriate planting plan or contracting and supervising the entire project, whether a small home or large estate.